

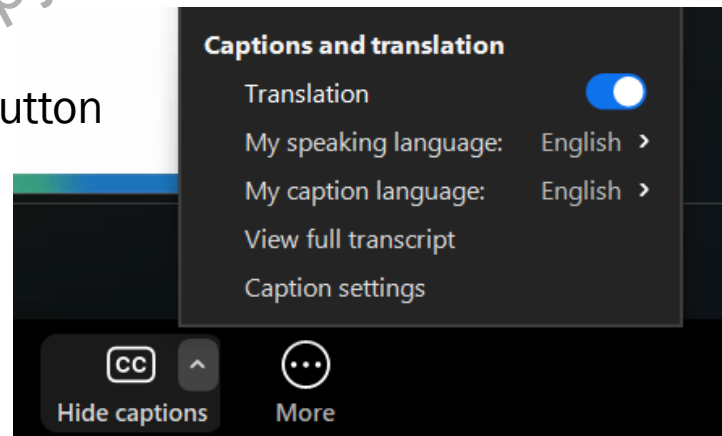
Patient perspectives on medical communications in Asia

Webinar will begin at:
17 September, 10:30 PM NYC
18 September, 8:00 AM Mumbai
18 September, 10:30 AM Beijing
18 September, 11:30 AM Tokyo
18 September, 12:30 PM Sydney



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How To Ask Questions

Feel free to ask a question at any time, however all questions will be held until the end of the presentations.

To ask a question, open the Q&A window, type your question into the Q&A box. **Click Send**

Note: Check **Send Anonymously** if you do not want your name attached to your question in the Q&A

We will make every effort to respond to all questions live (out loud)



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Save the date!





2025 ISMPP Academy

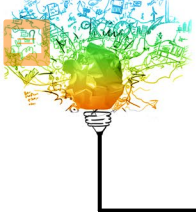
November 13-14
Boston, MA

What topics are covered?

- ❖ Publication planning
- ❖ Visual communications
- ❖ GPP, best practices, SOPs
- ❖ PLS/PLSPs
- ❖ Practical AI
- ❖ Small group activities

Who should attend?

- ❖ Biotech, Small pharma and Medical device teams
- ❖ Newer to med pubs/comms
- ❖ Team knowledge-sharers
- ❖ Anyone who wants to build their expertise!



2026 26-28 January
London, UK
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of ISMPP**

9 September

Registration, Exhibits
and Sponsorships Open

3 October

Session Proposal
Submission Deadline

17 October

Abstract Submission
Deadline



Objectives

- To explore how patients in Asia receive, access, and consume medical information, the barriers they face, including their opinion toward communication platforms
- To explore how patient materials are developed in the region
- To understand the perception and attitudes of patients with rare disease toward medical communication in the region

Disclaimer: Information presented reflects the personal knowledge and opinions of the faculty and does not necessarily represent the position of their current or past employers



Today's faculty



Sharon Lee
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Costello Medical



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Phua Wee Seng
Executive Director and Chief Rare Advocate
Rare Disorders Society Singapore (RDSS)



David Wang
Senior Account Director
Parexel



Understanding the unmet need in patient-centric medical information in China: a patient, HCP, and pharma survey

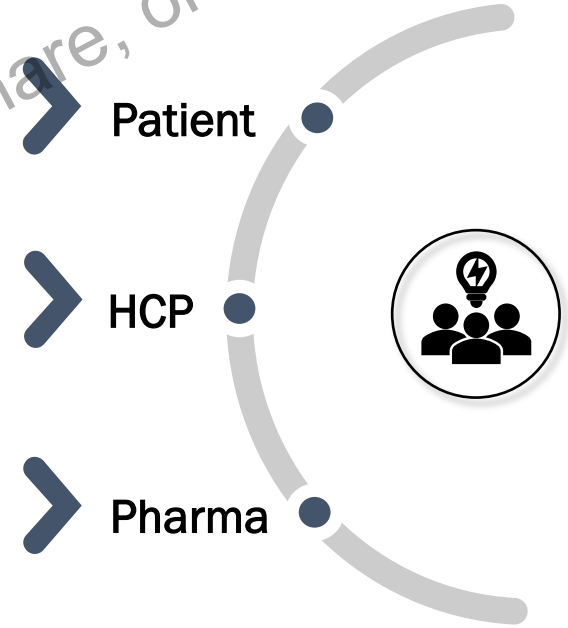
David Wang

Parexel



Key objectives of each survey

- Do patients seek medical information?
- Where do they access their information, and how frequently?
- What disease- or treatment-related medical information is important for patients to access?
- What are the observations and opinions regarding medical information platforms?
- What patient-centric medical communication materials are currently being developed by the industry?
- To understand the perceptions and attitudes towards using patient-centric medical information materials





Key takeaways from the surveys

Similarities

95% patients seek information

WeChat was the easiest to understand and most common
Most interested in “**treatment effectiveness**”
Also interested in “**latest clinical research**”

Main barriers: not knowing where to look, complex content

95% said it is important for patients to access information

Social media channels and mobile health apps are perceived to be the most popular information source and are easiest to understand

“Treatment effectiveness” is most important
“Latest clinical research” is also important

Main barriers: not knowing where to look, complex content

95% believe it is important for the industry to develop patient-centric medical communications

WeChat was most frequently used, but other social media channels were used less*

“**Latest clinical research**” information was developed most*

“Management and treatment of side effects” and
“health and lifestyle advice” were 2nd and 3rd, respectively

“**Treatment effectiveness**” information is also being developed, but ranked 4th (40%)*

versus

Patient Survey:
N=300

HCP Survey:
N=300

Pharma Survey:
N=322

Differences

44% still prefer **medical publication platforms**

Conflicting perceptions: Medical publication platforms are seen as the most difficult to understand, but 49% still ranked them easy to understand

“**Updates to treatment guidelines**” and “**opportunities to participate in clinical trials**” were the least important

Only 2% viewed medical publication databases as their preferred sources

Just 12% thought medical publication platforms were easy to understand

“**Updates to treatment guidelines**” were also seen as important

Only 18% were currently developing patient-centric medical communication materials in their roles

Content regarding “**updates to treatment guidelines**” are being developed*

Main barriers to developing materials: responsibilities not involving patient communications, lack of opportunities to engage with patient groups, budget constraints, and lack of understanding patients’ needs

*Only 58 respondents answered “Yes” to developing patient-centric medical communication materials and so these results may not provide a complete picture.



Summary



Most patients seek medical information to be more active in making decisions about their health. HCPs agree that this is important, and the industry recognizes the importance of developing such materials for patients



Seeking medical information on social media and mobile health apps are popular among patients as the content is easy to understand; this is recognized by HCPs. It appears that WeChat is the main platform that the industry uses to engage patients



Patients also view medical publication platforms to be useful, given their credibility and peer-reviewed nature of the published literature. However, the content appears to be more difficult to understand. Unlike patients, HCPs did not perceive this channel to be popular, and it is not widely used by the industry to convey information to patients



Patients are interested in “treatment effectiveness” and “latest clinical research” content. However, HCPs also perceived treatment guidelines to be important, and this content is being developed by the industry



Scan the QR code to access posters of the surveys

Patient survey



Pharma survey



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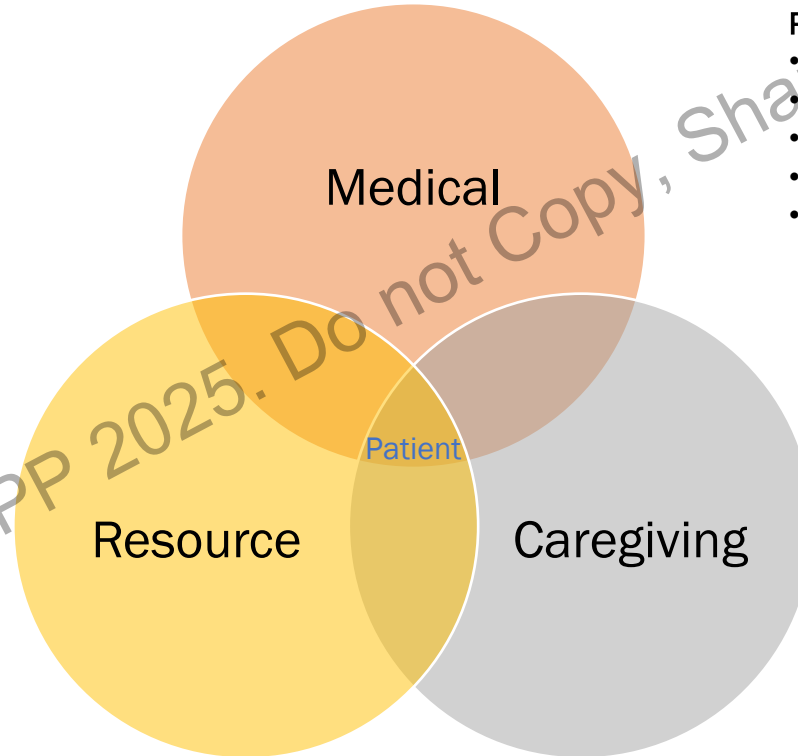
Optimising medical communications for the patient – the rare disease patient perspective in Singapore

Phua Wee Seng

Rare Disorders Society Singapore (RDSS)



Optimising medical communications for the patient – the rare disease patient perspective in Singapore



Patient

- Functional ability
- Family background
- Tradition & language
- Educational qualification
- Inclination to learn

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Medical Information

- Healthcare Professionals (doctors, nurses, pharmacists, therapists)
- Disease database (e.g. www.nih.gov)
- Patient Organisations (e.g. www.rarediseases.org)



Caregiving Information

- Patient Support Groups (e.g. Rare Disorders Society (Singapore))
- Community Organisations (e.g. CaringSG, Caregivers Alliance)
- Online Resources



Resource Information

- Healthcare resource
- Community resource (e.g. Rare Disorders Society (Singapore))
- Education resource
- Employment resource



Quick Poll: Results



Imagine if you are a patient...

What information is most important to you now?

Safety

Whether treatment is effective and safe

The doctor's quality.

Survival and quality of life

Accurate, understandable

Treatment Effectiveness

Ongoing clinical trials

Treatment

Treatment efficacy.

Quality of life

Clinical efficacy

Side effects and efficacy of a drug

Effectiveness safety

Clinical guideline

effects ongoing whether understandable
 trials safety efficacy quality drug
 effective doctor's life treatment clinical safe
 survival side effectiveness prognosis
 guideline



Engaging patients in India – societal norms and cultural nuances

Clarinda Cerejo

EUPATI Fellow and Patient Engagement Consultant



A true story



Source: <https://pmc.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/articles/PMC3130647/>



India – a country of paradoxes

>1.4 billion people

At least 9 in 10 lack basic health literacy

Some of the world's-best hospitals
and most skilled experts

47% health expenses out of pocket

BUT

About 86% percent households
possess at least one smartphone
with internet access

Only 43% rural and 68% urban
menstruating women use menstrual
hygiene products (such as sanitary
napkins, tampons, and menstrual cups)

Sources:

[https://www.ceghonline.com/article/S2213-3984\(23\)00097-0/fulltext](https://www.ceghonline.com/article/S2213-3984(23)00097-0/fulltext)

<https://pmc.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/articles/PMC12183295/>

<https://www.pib.gov.in/PressReleasePage.aspx?PRID=2132330>



Impact of diversity

- >1.4 billion people
- 22 official languages
- Multiple religions
- Urban-rural divide
- Gender gaps
- Class, education, privilege
- Alternative/traditional medicine
 - Ayurveda, Homeopathy, Yoga & Naturopathy, Unani, etc.



NO “ONE-SIZE-FITS-ALL” APPROACH



Cultural nuances and societal norms

- Highly religious society
- “Doctor is God” attitude
- High level of stigma and secrecy around issues like women’s health, sexuality, cancer, and mental health
- Delayed presentation – home remedies, traditional methods, religious healers, advice from elders
- Cost-conscious, suspicious of modern medicine
- Patriarchal and family oriented – elders make decisions, families as gatekeepers



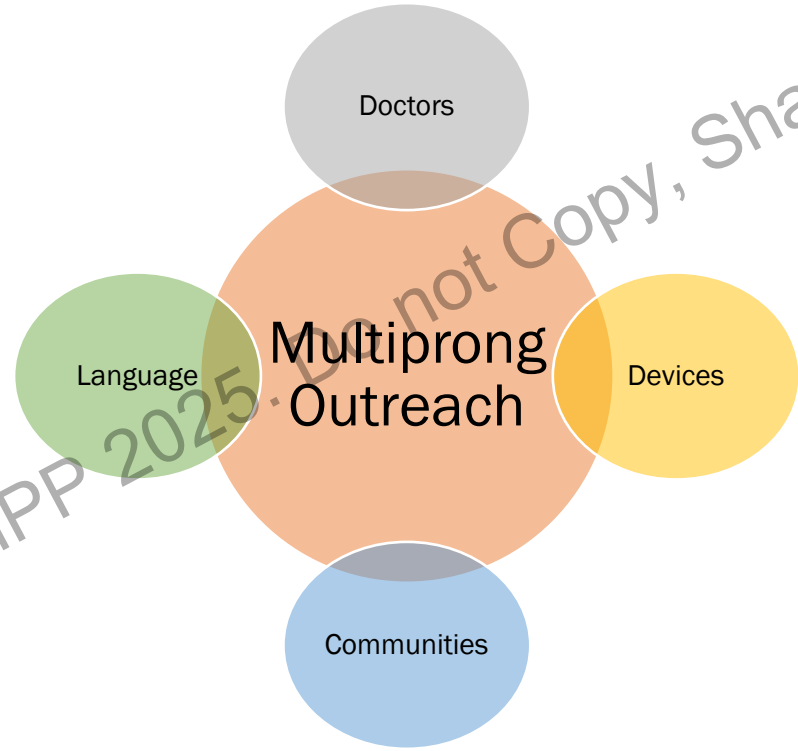
Challenges with patient engagement

- English as the primary medium of medicine, which only 6-10% of Indians understand
- Lack of clinician training in communication and empathy
- Overburdened systems; lack of time
- Extensive diversity requires deep individualization
- “Doctor is God” attitude – patients themselves resistant to engage
- Reliance on communities (familial, regional, religious) as sources of trusted information

Source: <https://www.thehistoryofenglish.com/how-many-people-in-india-speak-english>



Opportunities for medical communications



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Opportunities for the system

- Incorporate empathy and shared decision-making training as compulsory elements in medical school and CME
- Build public trust and visibility of patient advocacy groups as a conduit for reliable information
- Mass media campaigns to address “Doctor is God” attitude, promote patient autonomy and shared decision-making
- Teach medical self-advocacy as a life skill (schools, communities) from childhood
- Leverage digital/internet penetration for medical education via WhatsApp/ Youtube to improve health literacy
- Use AI to enable multi-lingual medical communication via digital technology



Poll: Which opportunity would you choose for highest impact?



- Improving clinician training
- More effective channeling of patient advocacy groups
- Mass-media social awareness and education campaigns
- Digital health campaigns via Youtube/WhatsApp
- AI for native-language medical communication

| Options | Responses |
|--|------------|
| Improving clinician training | 7/24 (29%) |
| More effective channeling of patient advocacy groups | 7/24 (29%) |
| Mass-media social awareness and education campaigns | 7/24 (29%) |
| Digital health campaigns via YouTube/WhatsApp | 3/24 (13%) |
| AI for native-language medical communication | 0/24 (0%) |

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Thank you!

Attendee Q&A

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November 2025:

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ISMPP Podcast: In Plain Cite

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Practical Tips for Amplifying Medical Publications Through Social Media

October 2025:

From Conflict to Consensus: Best Practices and Pitfalls in Publication Steering Committees



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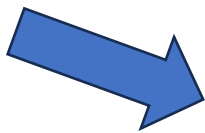
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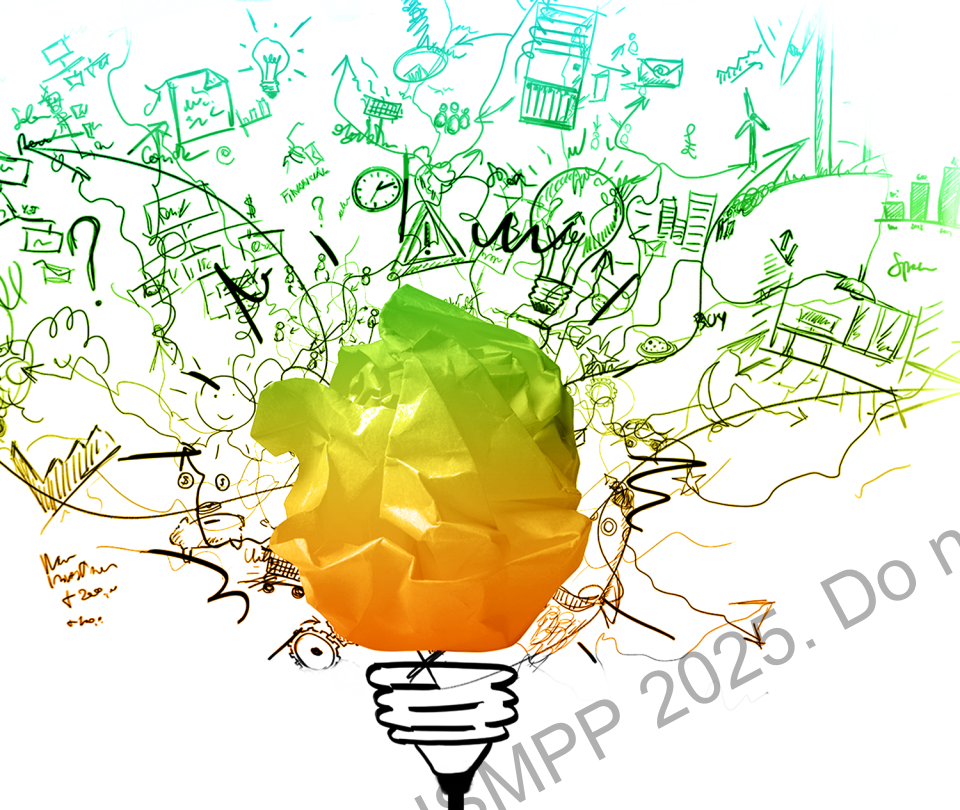
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