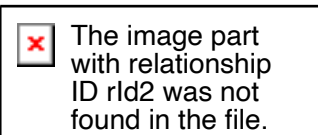


APHL Training for New Public Health Nurses

A Local Perspective

Maureen Murphy-Weiss, BSN, RN
Director, Ben Franklin TB Program
Columbus Public Health



Orientation Plan Considerations

Public health nurses represent a diverse group of health care workers, with varied training and education.

- Licensed practical nurse (LPN) / licensed vocational nurse (LVN)
 - Program 12-18 months
 - National Council Licensure Examination for practical nurses (NCLEX-PN)
- Registered nurse
 - Diploma – usually hospital based nursing program
 - Associate degree
 - Bachelor degree in nursing
 - Bachelor or masters degree other than nursing plus additional nursing program (usually 2 years)
 - All programs of study must pass the National Council Licensure Examination for Registered Nurses (NCLEX)

Orientation for new public health TB nurses

- Establish foundational “get your feet wet” training
 - TB 101 for Health Care Workers, Core Curriculum, TB Modules, etc.
- Shadow TB nurses, DIS, epidemiology and medical staff
 - Participate in virtual case review if shadowing is not feasible
- Review medical records
 - Complete case summary sheet (or equivalent) for test or actual patient
- Provide matrix or flowsheet that depicts usual workflow from specimen collection through testing performed on culture growth
 - Include all labs involved in collection and testing
- Complete APHL training for new public health TB nurses

Modify training to meet individual and program need

- Nurses with knowledge of laboratory test methods may benefit from APHL training early in the on-boarding process
- Delay training for nurses with little laboratory experience and those with remote microbiology training
 - End of first month on the job is most beneficial
- Save job aids for future reference
- Review training periodically during orientation
- Arrange tour of public health lab, if possible



Thank you for your work toward TB elimination!



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