



Design Example 5: Eccentrically Braced Frame

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### **Acknowledgements**

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#### 2021 IBC<sup>®</sup> SEAOC Structural/ Seismic Design Manual

Volume 4

EXAMPLES FOR STEEL FRAMED BUILDINGS



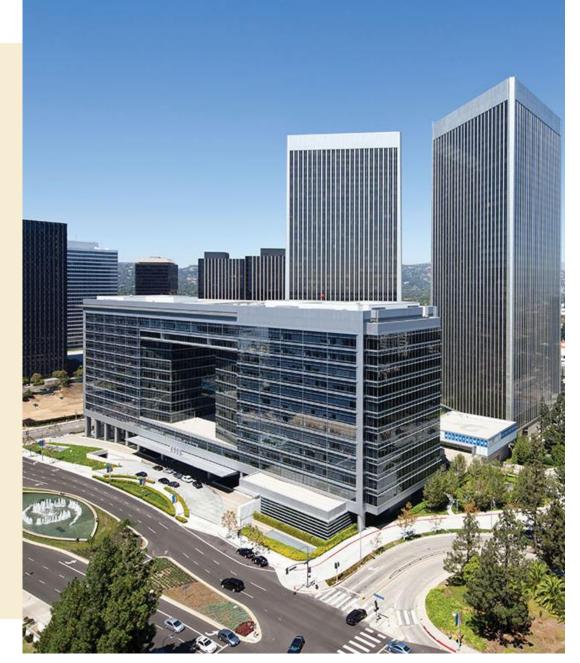






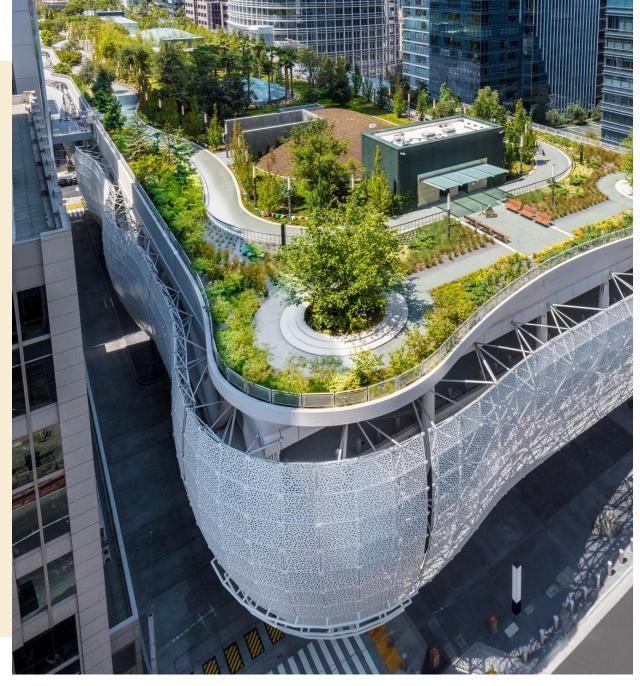
### **Learning Objectives**

- 1. Understand the design and reference documents associated with EBF construction.
- 2. Understand EBF concepts, parameters, requirements, and configurations.
- 3. Application of the earthquake lateral force provisions.
- 4. Understand the four-step EBF Design process.



### **Distinguishing Features**

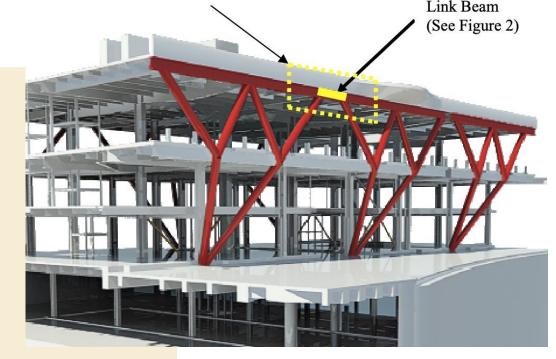
- Substantial Capacity for Inelastic Behavior
- Stiffness of CBF
- 240-feet code allowable height

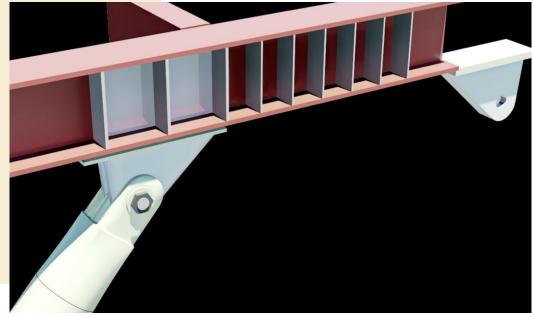


### **Distinguishing Features**

- Capable of large inelastic deformation
- Ductile fuse
- Energy dissipator

Photos taken from "Full-Scale Testing of Transbay Terminal Center Eccentrically Braced Frame Link Beams," 2012 SEAOC Convention Proceedings.





### **Distinguishing Features**

- Stable hysteretic behavior
- Ductility and Energy Dissipation of MRF
- Response Modification
   Coefficient, R = 8

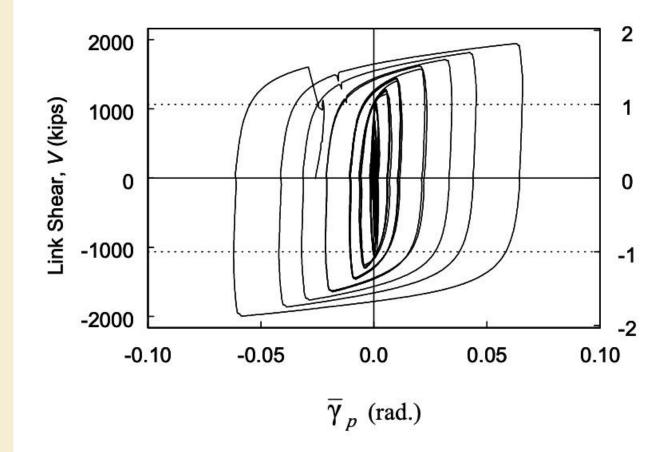


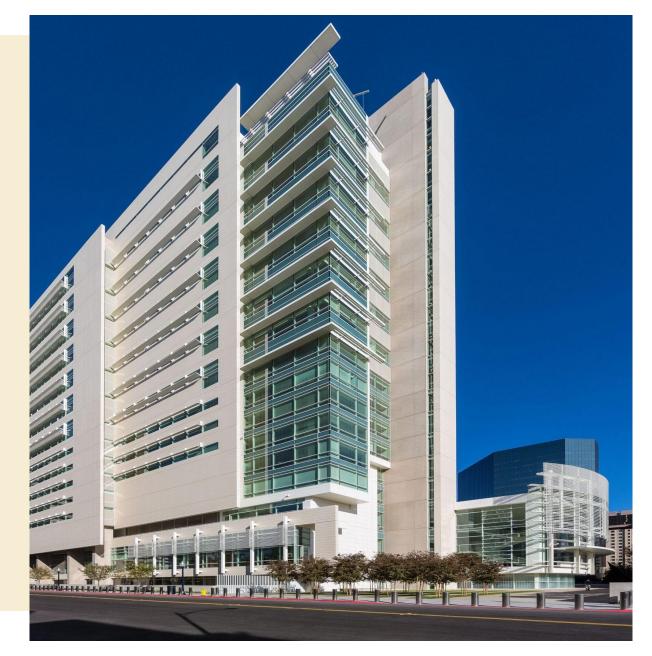
Figure 13 Specimen 1 link global response

Taken from "Full-Scale Testing of Transbay Terminal Center Eccentrically Braced Frame Link Beams," 2012 SEAOC Convention Proceedings.

### **Real World Applications**

### U.S. Courthouse, San Diego

- Built 2013
- \$300 Million
- 463,700 square feet
- 16 Stories
- 22-ft floor heights
- 320-ft total height (>240)
- PBSD



### **Application**

### U.S. Courthouse, San Diego

- 22-ft floor heights
- 320-ft total height (>240-ft)
- PBSD

Courthouse Photos Courtesy of Tom Sabol





### **Earthquake Performance**

### Napa Earthquake, August 24, 2014

- M6.0 6km NW of American Canyon
- Epicenter near West Napa Fault
- PGA: 0.61g
- \$1 Billion Estimated Overall Loss



### **Earthquake Performance**

# Napa County Criminal Courthouse

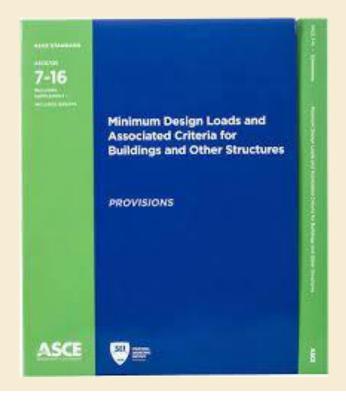
- Year Built: 1996
- Construction: EBF
- Posting: Green
- EOR: Thornton Tomasetti
- PBSD
- Green Tagged

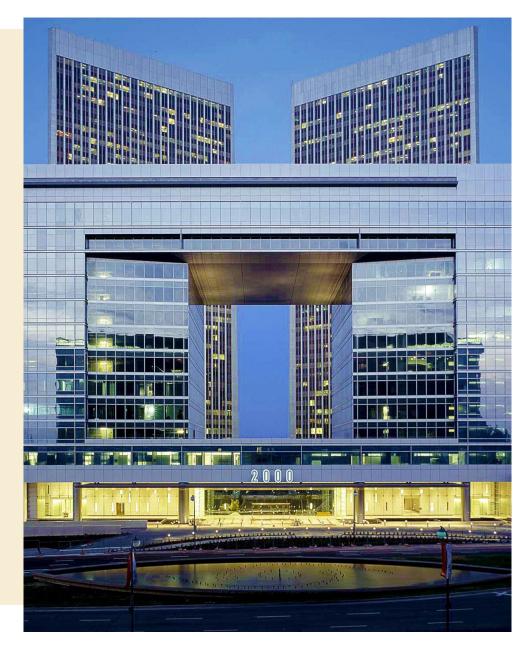


Three-Story, 45,000-Square Foot, Courthouse

### **Design Standards**

 AISC 7-16 Minimum Loads for Buildings and Other Structures



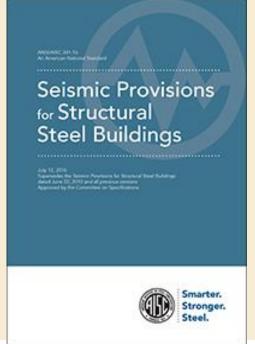


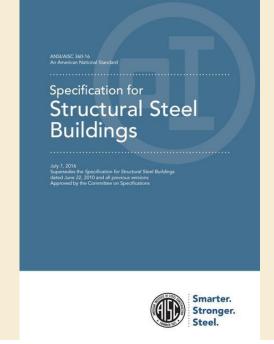
### **Design Standards**

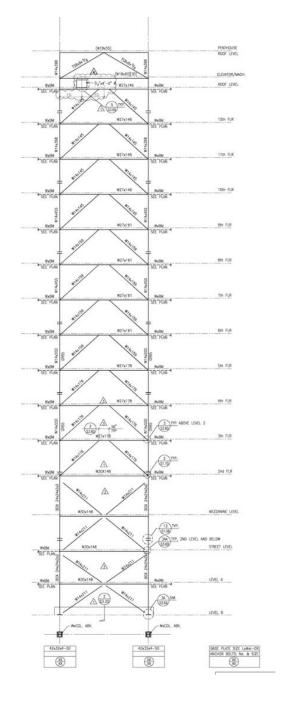
 ANSI/AISC 341-16 Seismic Provisions for Structural Steel Buildings

ANSI/AISC 360-16 Specification for

Structural Steel Buildings

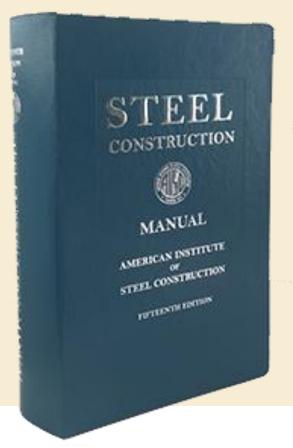


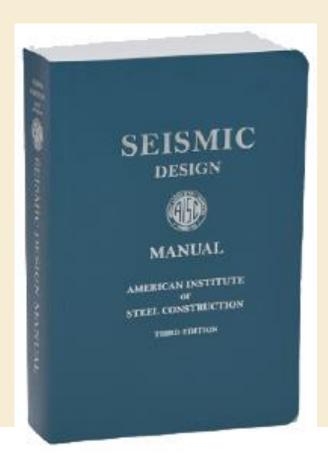


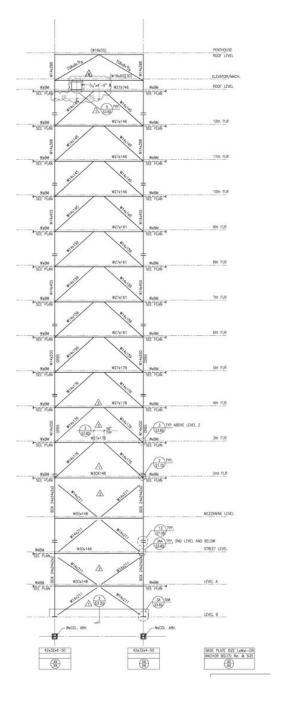


#### **Reference Documents**

- AISC Steel Construction Manual
- AISC Seismic Design Manual

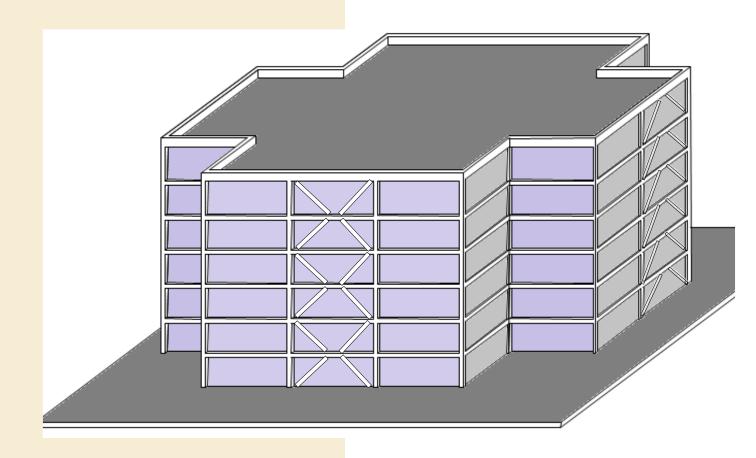






#### **Distinguishing Features**

- Six-story
- Office Occupancy
- San Francisco
- Site Class D
- Risk Category II
- $S_s = 1.5g$
- $S_1 = 0.6g$

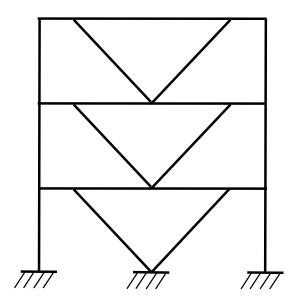


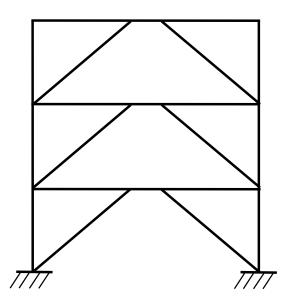
Irregular, cruciform, X, inverted V

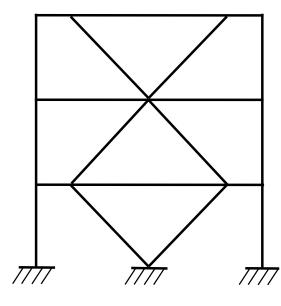
### **Potential Configurations**

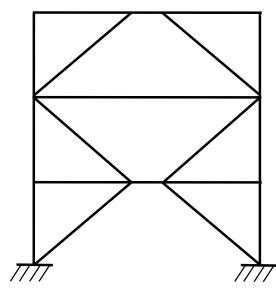
### Configurations

- End-link V
- End-link two-story X (AISC 341 F3.6e)
- Center-link inverted-V
- Center-link two-story X



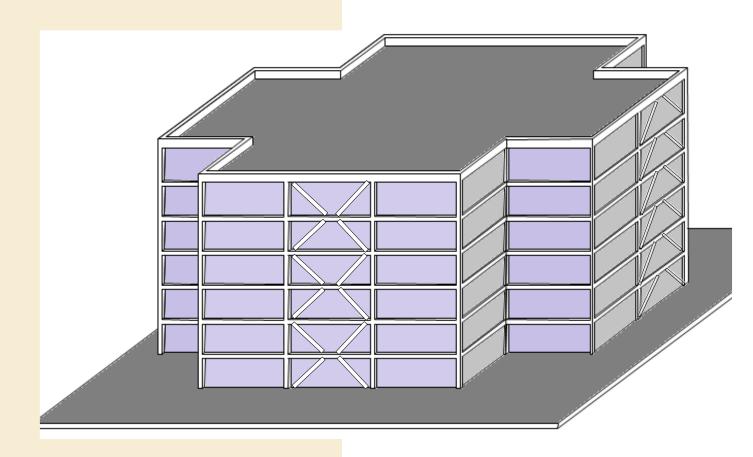






#### **Design Parameters**

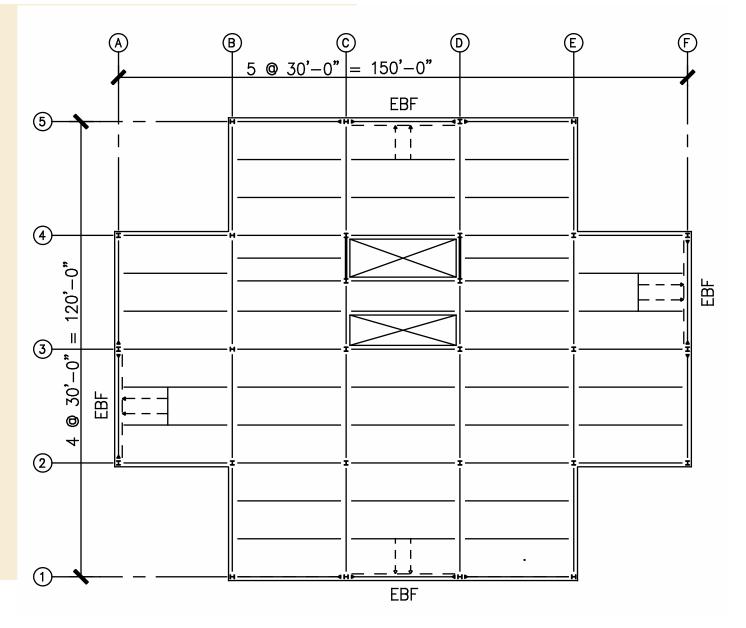
- Gravity 67.7 psf
- Seismic 77.7 psf
- R = 8.0
- $\Omega_o = 2.0$
- $C_d = 4.0$  ASCE 7 Table 12.2-1



### **Irregularities**

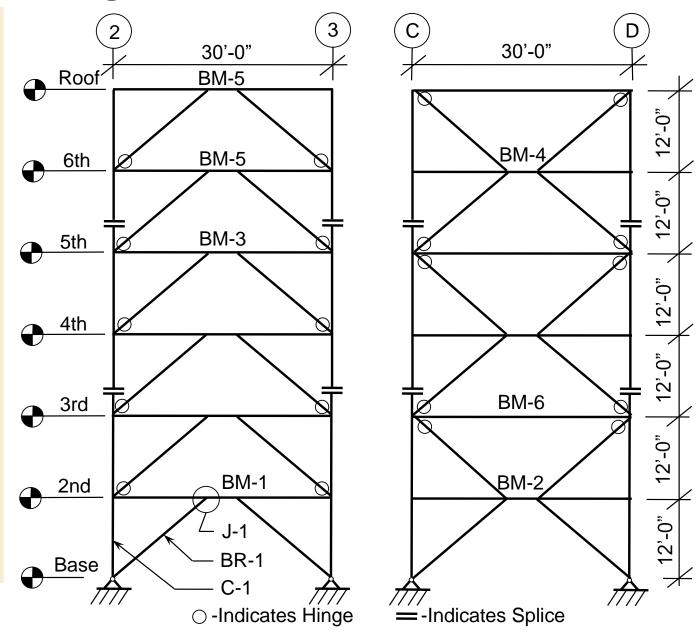
- Reentrant Corners
- Diaphragm
   Discontinuity ASCE 7 Section

12.3.2.1 and 2



### **Configurations**

- 6 vs. 3 Links
- 12 vs. 8 Brace Connections
- Pin Base
- Brace-to-Link
- Beam-to-Column
- Splices
- Material A992 / A572

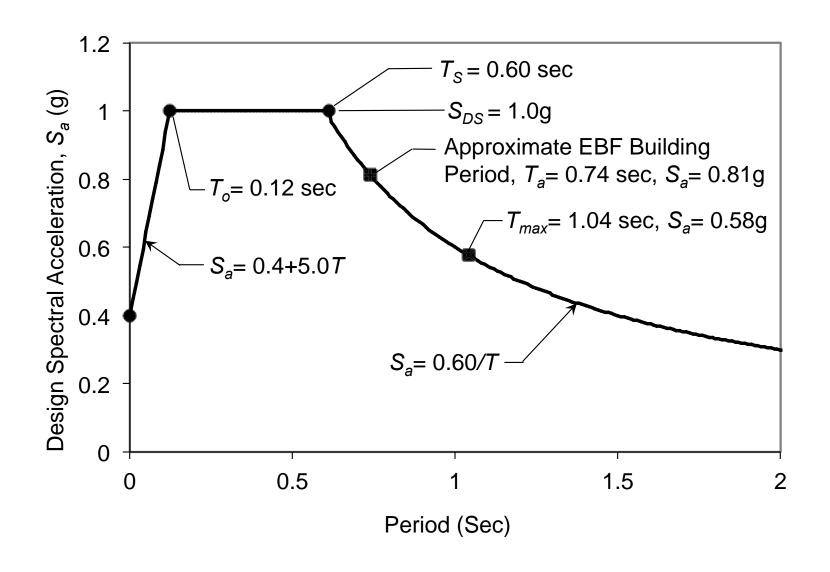


### **Design Response Spectra**

#### **Considerations**

ASCE 7 Section 12.6, Table 12.6-1

- < 160 feet
- SDC-D
- Nominal Irregularities
- ELF
- $T > T_{max}$



### **Seismic Response**

#### **Considerations**

- Response Coefficient,  $C_s = 0.072$  ASCE 7 Section 12.8.1.1
- Base Shear, V = 521 kips ASCE 7 Section 12.8.1
- Vertical Distribution ASCE 7 Section 12.8.3

Level	${w}_i$	$h_i$	$w_i h_i^{\ k}$	$C_{vx}$	$F_x$
	(kips)	(ft)			(kips)
Roof	656	72	149,870	0.188	98
$6^{ m th}$	1,315	60	238,330	0.299	156
5 <sup>th</sup>	1,315	48	179,516	0.225	117
4 <sup>th</sup>	1,315	36	124,575	0.156	81
$3^{\rm rd}$	1,315	24	74,438	0.093	49
$2^{\rm nd}$	1,315	12	30,866	0.039	20
Total	7,231		797,595	1.000	521

• Horizontal Distribution ASCE 7 Section 12.8.4

### **Seismic Response**

#### Horizontal Distribution ASCE 7 Section 12.8.4

- Rigid Diaphragm ASCE 7 Section 12.3.2
- 5% Offset ASCE 7 Section 12.8.4.2

Grid	Direction	$d_i$	$Rd_i$	$Rd_i^2$	$V_{i}$	$V_{\it tai}$	$V_{xi}$
A	X	-75	-75 R	5625 R	$0.50 F_{i}$	$-0.024 F_i$	$0.48 F_{i}$
F	X	75	75 R	5625 R	$0.50 F_{i}$	$0.024  F_i$	$0.52 F_i$
1	Y	-60	-60 R	3600 R	$0.50 F_{i}$	$-0.024 F_i$	$0.48 F_i$
5	Y	60	60 R	3600 R	$0.50 F_{i}$	$0.024 F_{i}$	$0.52 F_i$

Level	Design Story	Cumulative		
	Shear, $V_{xi}$ , (kips)	Shear, (kips)		
Roof	51	51		
6 <sup>th</sup>	81	132		
5 <sup>th</sup>	61	193		
4 <sup>th</sup>	42	235		
3 <sup>rd</sup>	26	261		
$2^{\rm nd}$	10	271		
1 <sup>st</sup>	0	271		

### **Design Procedure**

### **Four Step Process:**

- 1. Preliminary Member Design (Link, Column and Brace)
- 2. Analytical Analysis and Evaluation
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### Link Requirements AISC 341.F3.5b

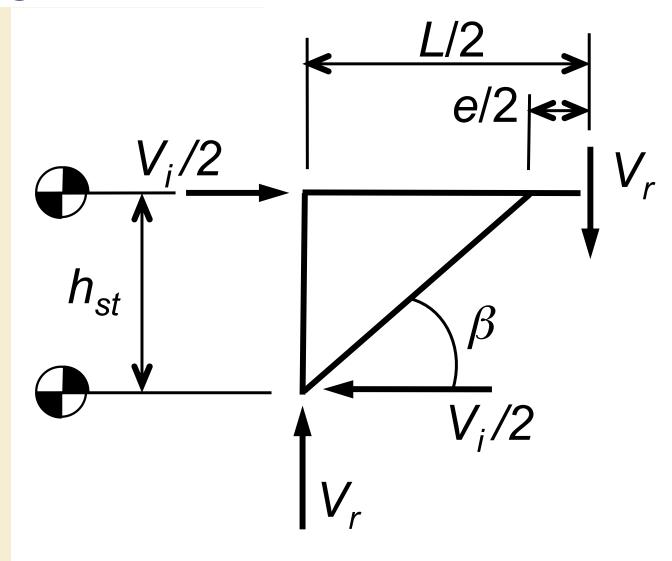
- I-Shaped (Rolled or Built-up) AISC 341.F3.5b(1)
- Box (Built-up no HSS) AISC 341.F3.5b(1)
- Highly Ductile per AISC 341.D1.1
- I-Shape Flange Exception AISC 341.F3.5b(1)
- Shear Yielding  $e < 1.6 M_p/V_p$
- Flexural Yielding  $e>2.6 M_p/V_p$
- Shear Yielding Estimate:  $e < 1.3 M_p/V_p$

## **Link Size and Length**

- $V_r = V_2 h_{st} / L = 108 \text{ kips}$
- Equation F3-2
- $A_{tw} = V_r / \phi_v 0.6 F_y$ = 4.0 in.<sup>2</sup>
- W10x68

$$V_p = 0.6 F_y A_{tw} = 125$$
 kips Eq. F3-2  
 $M_p = F_y Z = 4265$  kip-in. Eq. F3-8

- $e = 1.3 M_p / V_p = 44 in.$
- Say 48 in.



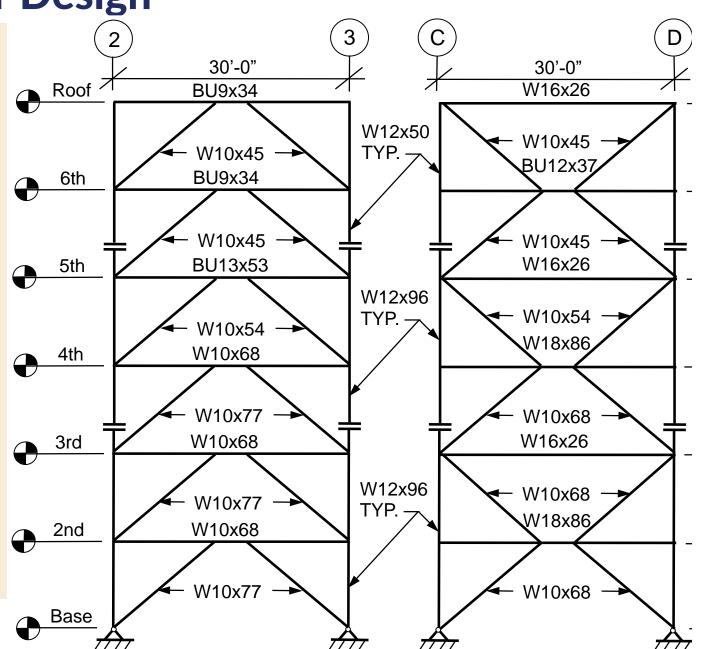
## **Link Optimization**

- Elements Other Than Link Intended to Remain Elastic
- AISC 341 Section F3.3 Requires Link Strength "Adjustment"
- 1.25 for I-Shaped Links, 1.4 for Box
- Adjusted Shear Strength,  $V_{mh}$
- $V_{mh} = 1.25 R_y V_p = 172 \text{ kips}$

## Link Built Up Sections

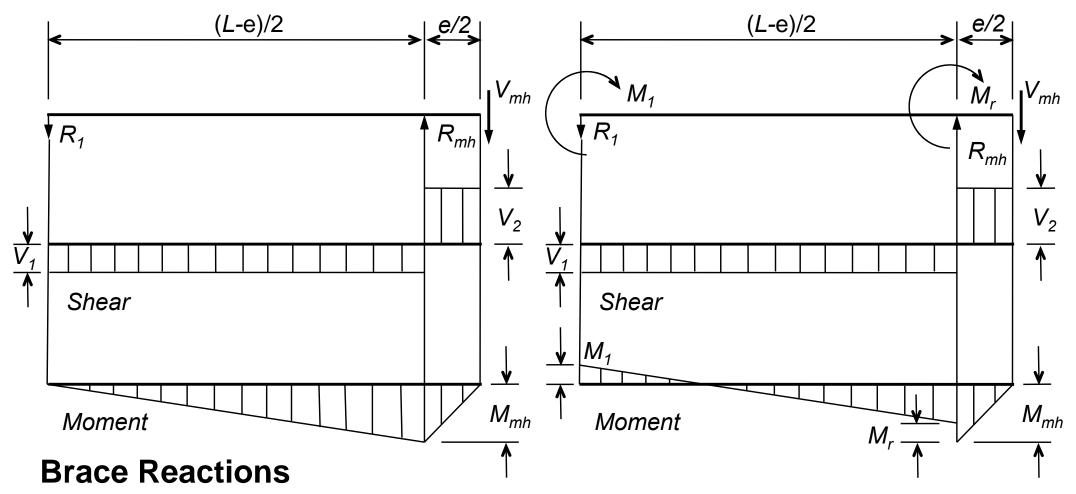
- W10x68 Too Large For Upper Floors
- Web to Flange CJP AISC 341.F3.5b(1)
- CJP Demand Critical AISC 341.F3.5b(1)
- Plate Material and Fabrication
- 3-4 Times Cost of Rolled Section (B. Manning)

Preliminary Link Beam Sizes:



### Brace Size AISC 341.5b

- Adjusted Shear Strength, V<sub>mh</sub>
   AISC 341.F3.3
- Moderately Ductile
- Beam-Column Design Estimate (Pin vs Fixed)



- $V_{mh} = V_{mh} (L/L-e) = 198 \text{ kips}$
- $M_{mh} = V_{mh}$  (e / 2) = 344 kip-ft

## **Brace Size**

- Axial,  $P_r = R_{mh} / \phi_c(\sin \beta) = 324 \text{ kips}$
- Moment,  $M_r = 0.50 \ M_{mh} / \phi_c = 191 \ \text{kip-ft}$
- AISC Manual Table 6-1,  $L_b = 17$  ft
- AISC SDM Table 1-3
- W10x77

## Column Size AISC 341.5a

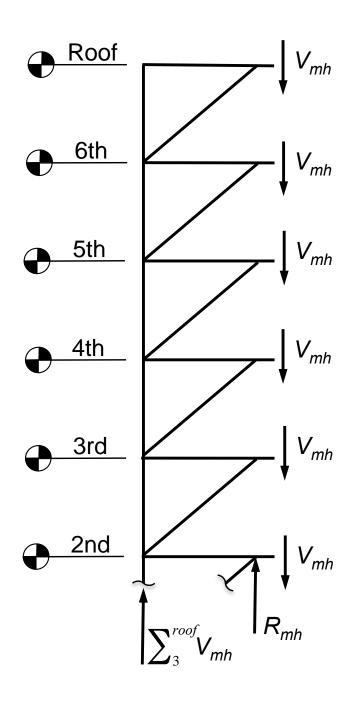
- Highly Ductile
- Three link reduction, 0.88 AISC 341.F3.3(1)(b)
- No Simultaneous Strain Hardening
- $R_{mh} = V_{mh} (e / L e) = 26.5 \text{ kips}$

### **Column Loading**

- $R_{mh} = V_{mh} (e/L-e)$ = 26.5 kips
- $P_{Emh} = 0.88 (\Sigma V_{mh} R_{mh})$ = 531kips

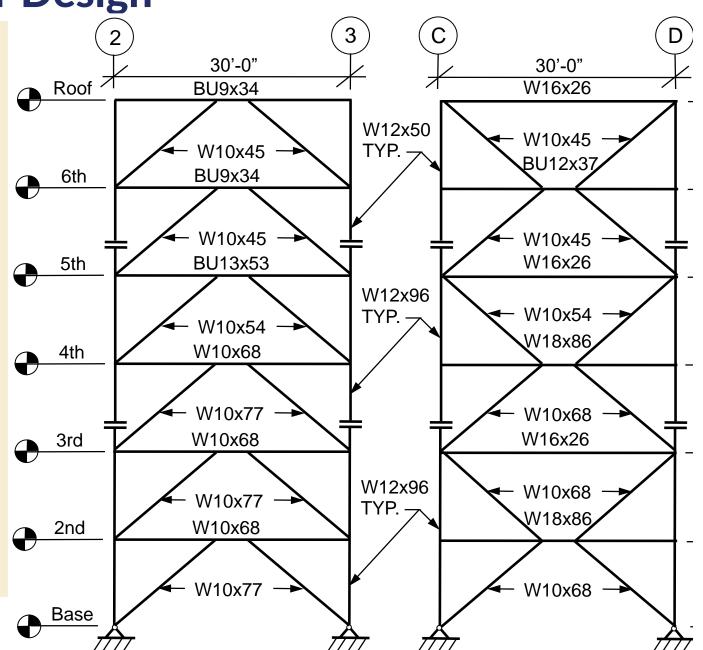
$$P_r = 1.4 D + 0.5 L + 1.0 E$$
  
= 980 kips

$$M_{Emh} = 0.15 (0.88) M_{mh} / \phi_b$$
  
= 50.4 kip-ft



#### **Column Size**

- AISC Manual Table 6-1,  $L_b =$  11 ft
- AISC SDM
   Table 1-3
- W12 x 96



### **Design Procedure**

### **Four Step Process:**

- Preliminary Member Design (Link, Column and Brace)
- 2. Analytical Analysis and Evaluation
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### **Analytical Analysis and Evaluation**

### **Analysis Verification**

- Drift Limits
- P-Delta Effects
- Link Rotation Angle AISC 341.F3.4a
- Output Member Forces

### **Analytical Analysis and Evaluation**

### **Computed Period**

T = 1.16s, 1.25s (Invert V, 2SX)

#### **Drift Limits** AISC 341.B1

- $\Delta_a = 0.020 h_{st} = 2.88$  in. ASCE 7 Table 12.12-1
- $\delta_x = \Delta_2 \Delta_1 = C_0 \delta_{xe} / I_e$ = 1.39 in. ASCE 7 Eq. 12.8-15

If 
$$\delta_x > \Delta_a$$
  
Ignore  $T_{max} = 1.05$ , Use  $T_{ASCE 7 12.8.6.1 \& 2}$ 

## **Analytical Analysis and Evaluation**

#### P-Delta Effects ASCE 7 Section 12.8.7

- $\theta = P_x \Delta I_e / V_x h_{sx} C_d \le 0.10$ Vertical Load Designs IBC Table 1607.1
- $P_2 = \Sigma D + \Sigma L = 10,077 \text{ kips}$
- $\theta = 0.07 \le 0.10$

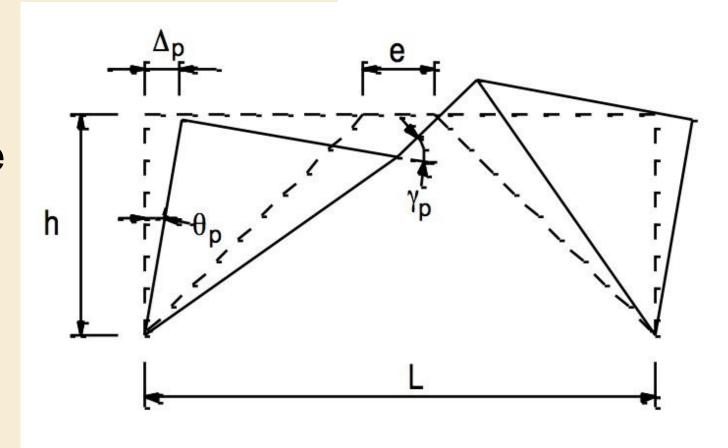
## **Analytical Analysis and Evaluation**

## **Link Rotation Angle**

AISC 341.F3.4a, Figure C-F3.4

Plastic Story Drift Angle

- $\theta_p = \Delta_p / h_{st} = 0.007$ Link Rotation Angle
- $\gamma_p = (L/e) \theta_p$ = 0.05 < 0.08



$$\gamma_p = \frac{L}{e} \theta_p$$

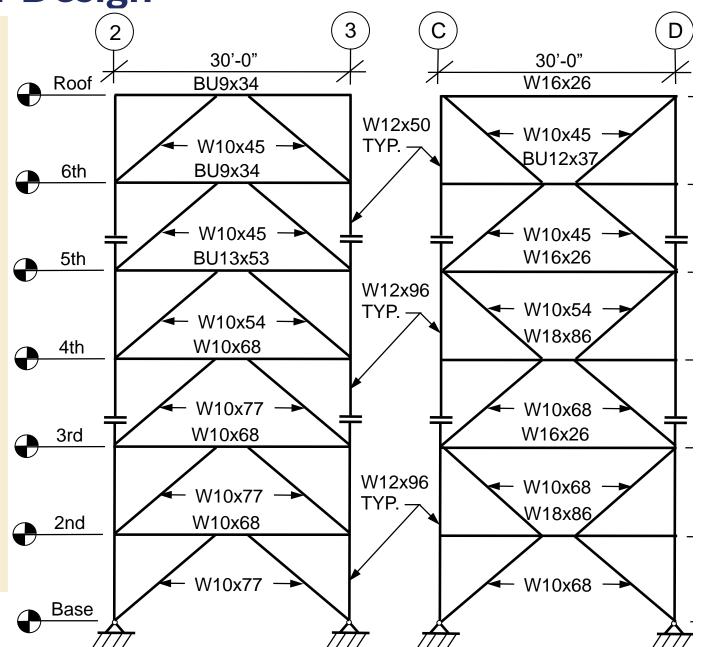
#### **Design Procedure**

#### **Four Step Process:**

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**Preliminary Member Design** 

#### **Final Sizes**



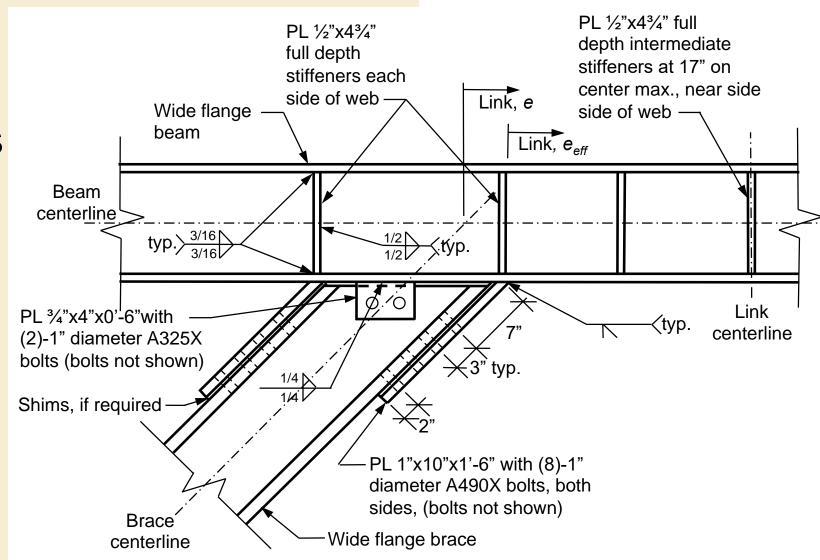
## **Design Procedure**

#### **Four Step Process:**

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# Considerations AISC 341.F3.5b(4)

- Link End Stiffeners
- Link Intermediate
   Stiffeners
- Stiffener Weld Requirements
- Brace-To-Link
- Final Link Design
   Check

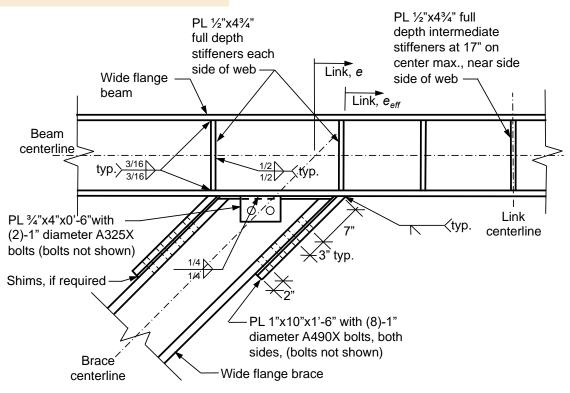


#### Link End Stiffener AISC 341.F3.5b(4)

- $W_{min} = (b_f 2t_w) / 2 = 4.6$  in
- $t_{min} = 0.75 \ t_w \ge 3/8 \ \text{in} = 0.35 \ \text{in}$

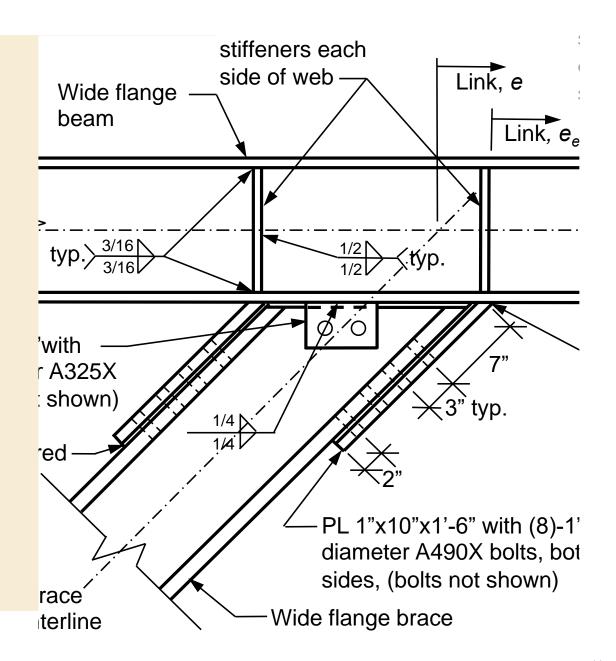
#### Link Intermediate Stiffener AISC 341.F3.5b(4)

Given  $e < 1.6 M_p/V_p$ For  $\gamma_p = 0.08$ ,  $s = (30t_w - d/5) = 12.0$  in For  $\gamma_p \le 0.02$ ,  $s = (52t_w - d/5) = 22.4$  in Therefore, for  $\gamma_p = 0.05$ , s = 17.2 in



#### **Possible Alternatives:**

- Welded Flange Plate (WFP)
   not prequalified
- Welded Unreinforced
   Flange (WUF) geometric compatibility, overhead groove welding, preheat and HAZ
- Pin Connection stiffness reductions, brace options



## **Alternative Connection Designs**



#### Beam-to-Column AISC F3.6b.(a) and (b)

- Beam Segment Is Elastic
   (Outside the Link) AISC 341.F3.5a user note.
- Shall Accommodate Inelastic Drift
- WUF-W Example 2, Figure 2-11

#### Beam-to-Gusset AISC F3.6b.(a) and (b)

- Beam Segment Is Elastic
   (Outside the Link) AISC 341.F3.5a user note.
- Shall Accommodate Inelastic
   Drift
- WUF-W Example 2, Figure 2-11

## Link Stability AISC 341.F3.4b.

- Brace Both Flanges
- End of the Link
- Strength and Stiffness AISC 341.D1.2c
- Similar to SMF Design Example 1 Section 5.3



#### Inelastic Strain AISC 341.F3.5c., 12.1

 Protected Zones (Link, Column Base, Column Splice, WUF-W)

#### Quality Requirements AISC 341.J, AISC 360.N

Quality Assurance Plan (QAP)

## **Design Procedure**

#### **Four Step Process:**

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- 4. Connection Design

#### **Items Not Addressed**

#### **Not Addressed**

- Comparison of Wind and Seismic Forces
- Collector Elements
- Column Splice
- Column Base Connection
- Foundations
- Diaphragm System

## **Questions?**

