



## **Scanning Probe Microscopy: Pushing the Boundaries with Multi-Probes and Reverse Tip Sample Scanning**

**Umberto Celano & Thomas Hantschel**

On behalf of

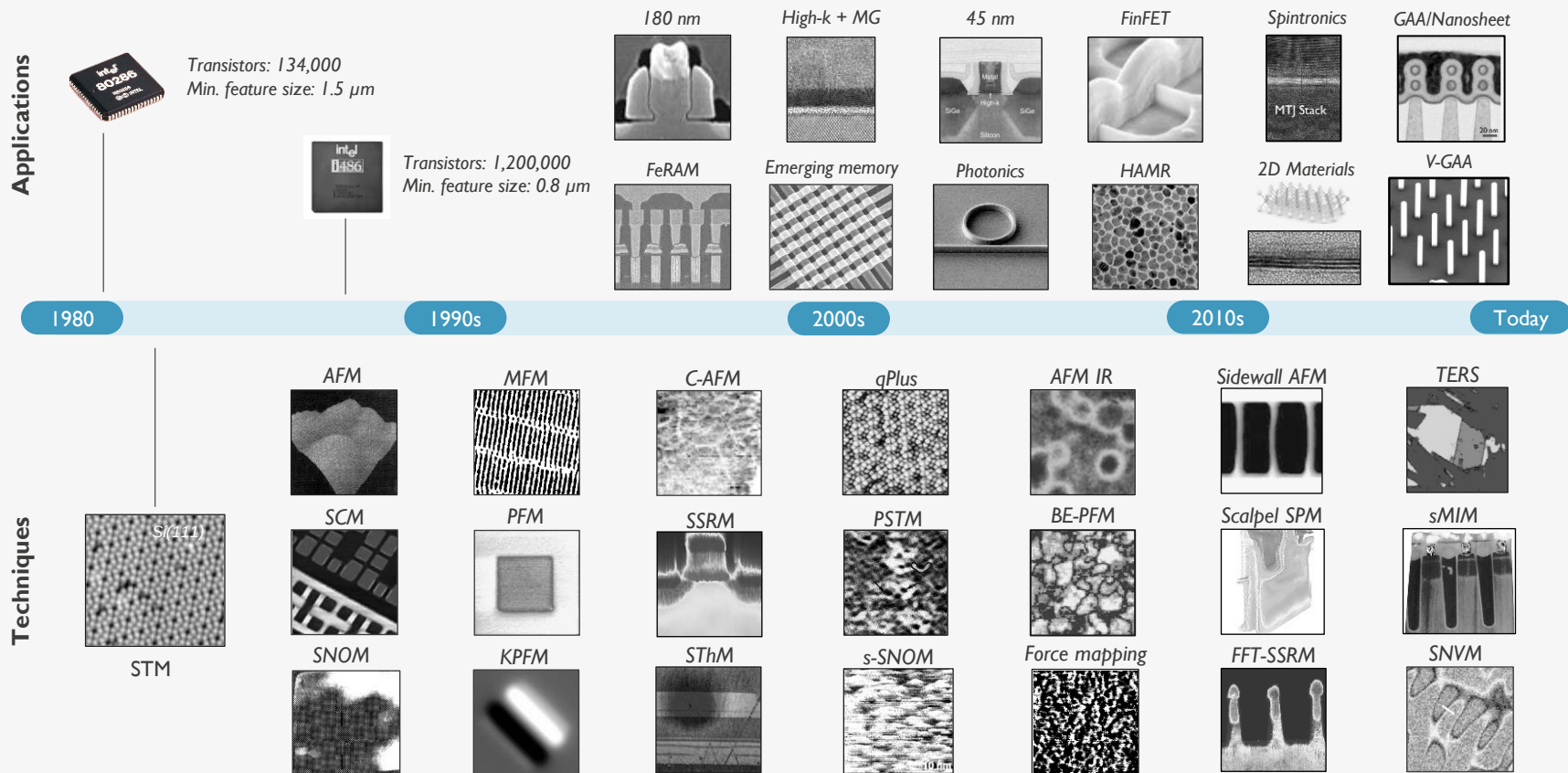
H.S. Kim, P. Lagrain, A. Minj, N. Peric, J. Serron, L. Wouters, D. Sharma, M. Tedaldi, A.D.L. Humphris

# Outline

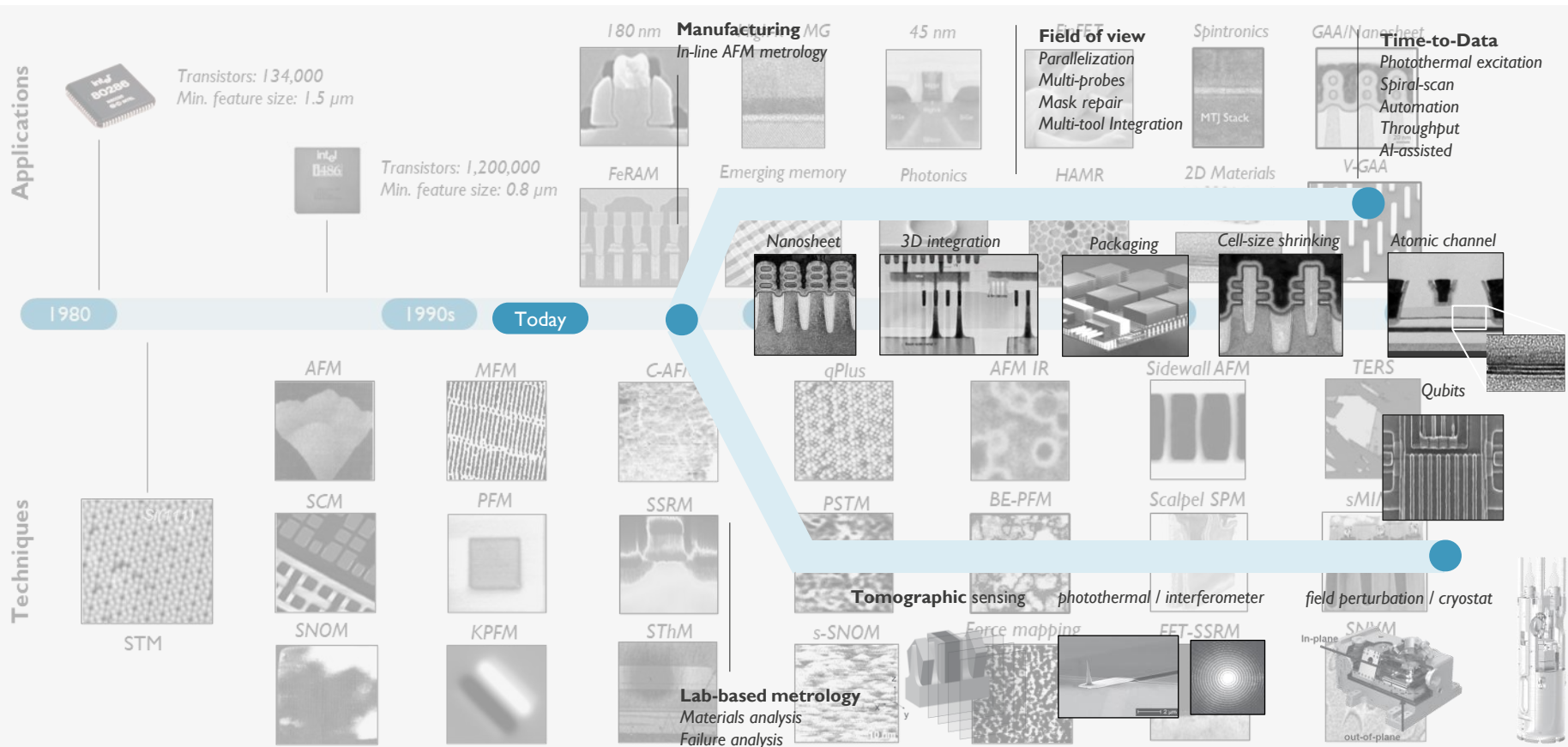
## Pushing the Boundaries with Multi-Probes and Reverse Tip Sample Scanning

- Introduction
- Multi-probes sensing
- Reverse tip-sample scanning

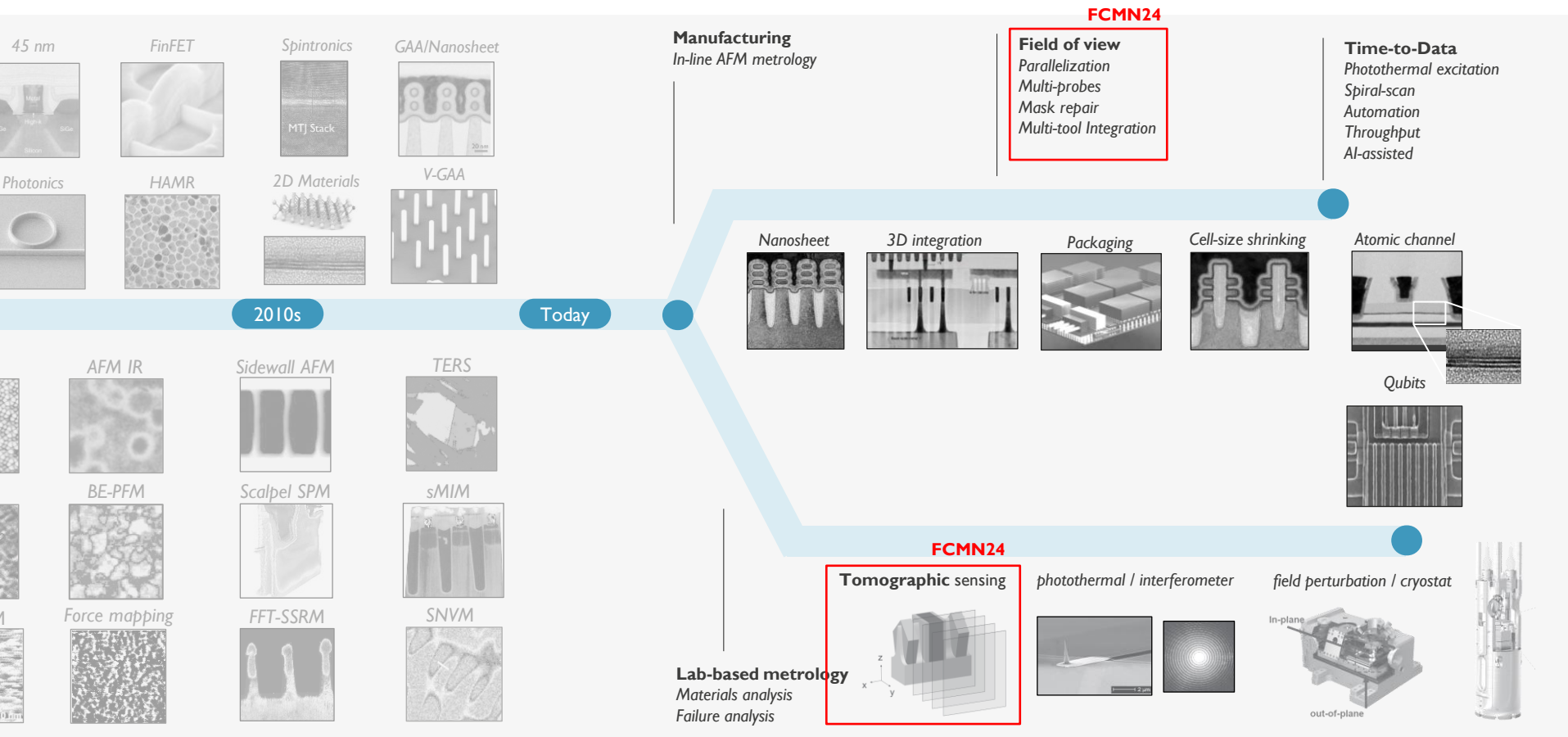
# On the impact of **SPM** in Nanoelectronics



# On the impact of SPM in Nanoelectronics

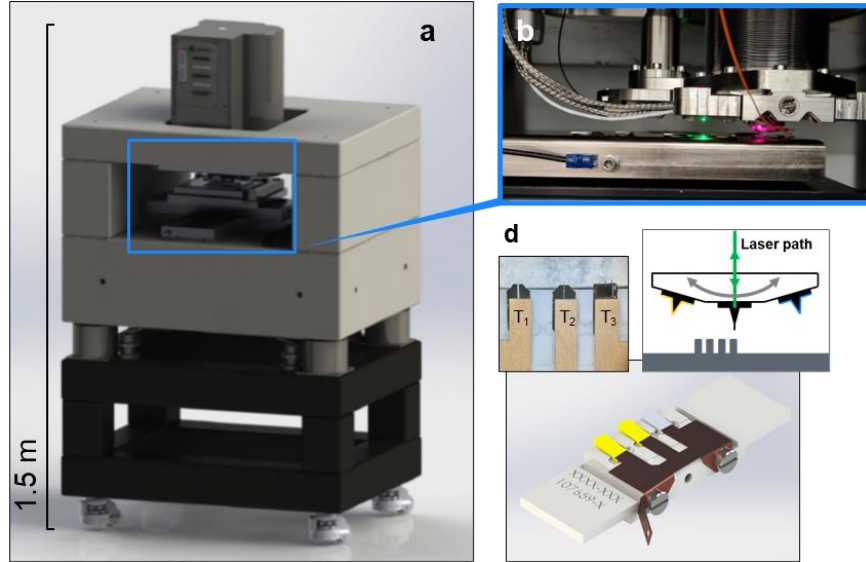


# On the impact of **SPM** in Nanoelectronics

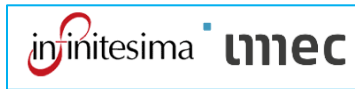


# Multi-probes sensing & Reverse tip-sample scanning

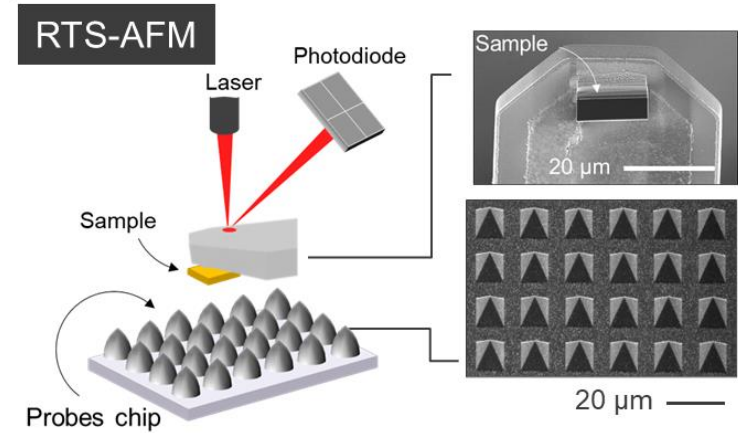
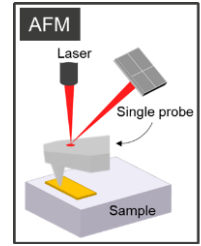
Fueling innovation in *Atomic Force Microscopy (AFM)*



[Sharma, D., et al., Electronic Device Failure Analysis, 4, 20-26, 2023]



Active Joint-development projects (JDPs)



[Celano, U., et al., IEDM Tech. Dig., 10, 2019]



# Outline

## Pushing the Boundaries with Multi-Probes and Reverse Tip Sample Scanning

Introduction

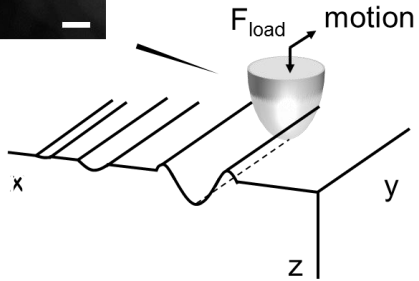
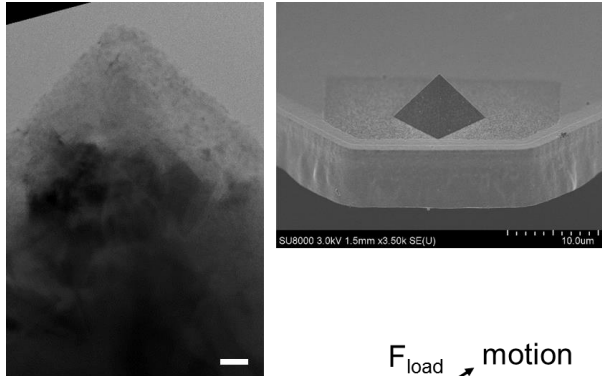
Multi-probes sensing ●

Reverse tip-sample scanning

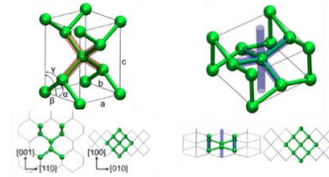
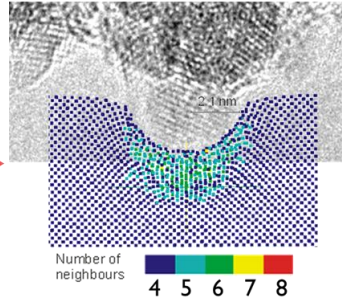
# Tip-induced material removal for 3D tomography

## harnessing nm-precise material tip-induced erosion

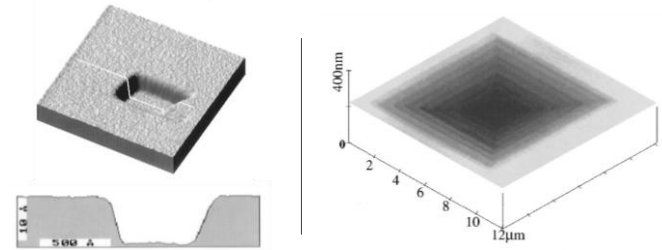
- Pressure-assisted material removal



[Celano, U. et al., *Scientific Report*, 8, 2994, **2018**]  
[Hantschel, T. et al., *Physica Status Solidi (a)*, 206(9), **2006**]

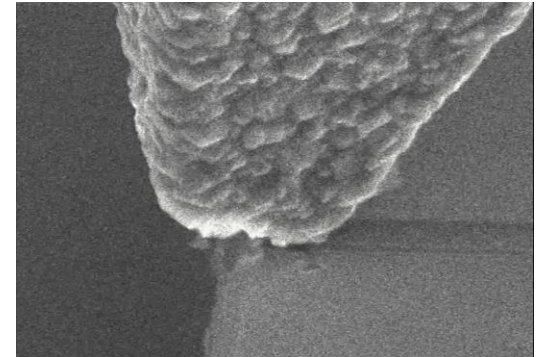


- nm-controller
- Air/Oil environment
- Stress-assisted removal



[Hu, J. et al., *Surf. Sci.*, 237, (**1995**)]  
[Xu., M.,W. et al., *Appl. Phys. Lett.*, 81, (**2002**)]

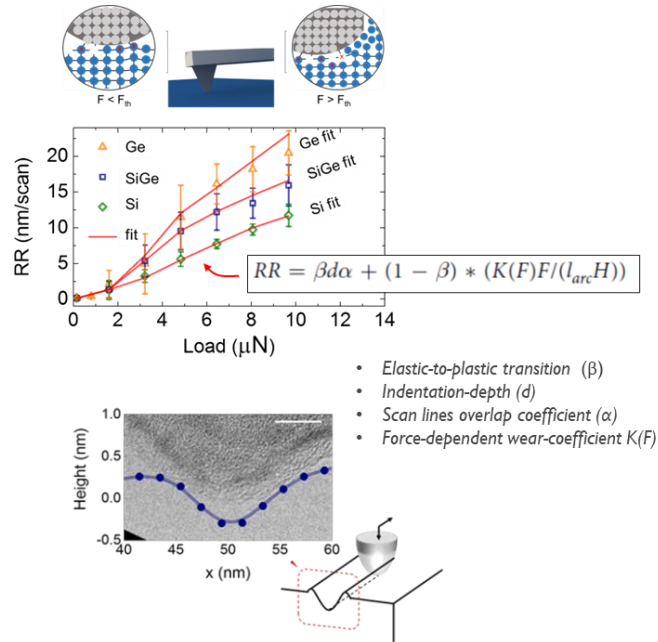
### In-situ SEM observation



# Controlling the tip-induced material removal from air to oil

Removal of material, with precision down to single digit nm

Mineral oil (3M)  
Castor bean oil

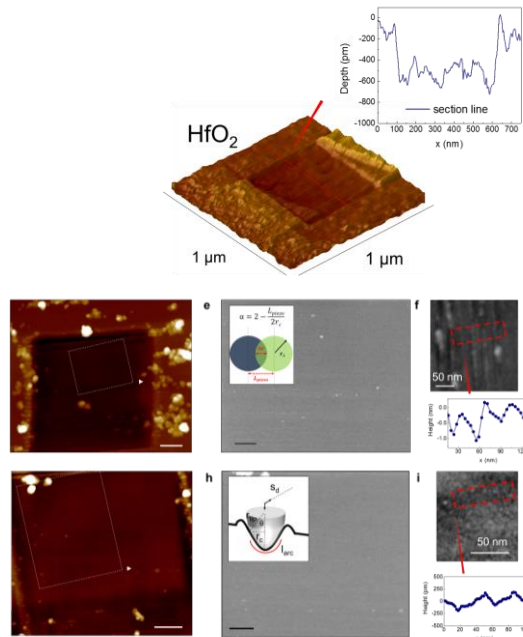


[Celano, U. et al., *IIRW*, 81, **2014**]

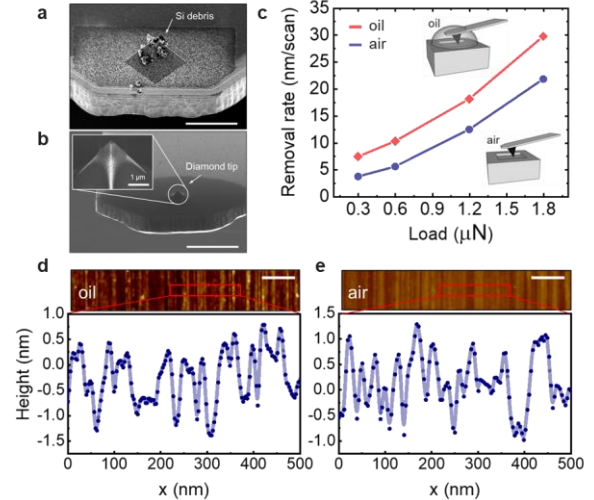
[Celano, U. et al., *Scientific Reports*, 8, 2994, **2018**]

[Tseng, A. A., *J. Vac. Sci. Tech. B*, 23 (3), 877, **2005**]

Sub-nm control



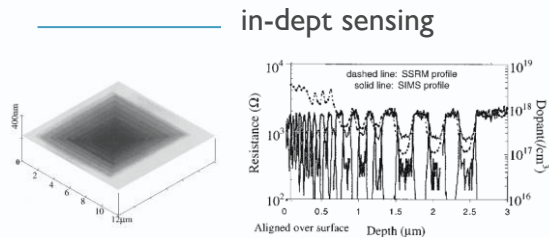
[Noël C, et al., *Front. Mech. Eng.* 7, 797962, **2021**]



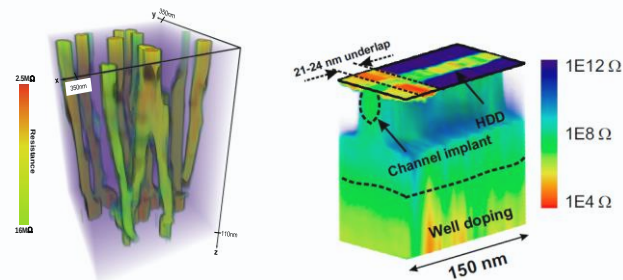
Applicability demonstrated for: Si, SiGe, Ge, InGaAs, InP, TiN, Cu, Ti, Ru, HfO<sub>2</sub>, SiO<sub>2</sub>, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, TiO<sub>2</sub>

# Applications in nanoelectronics

[Xu, M., et al., APL, 81, (1), 177, 2002]



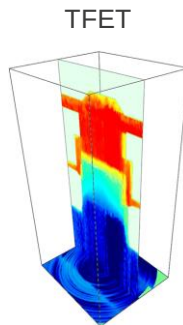
**Tomographic sensing**



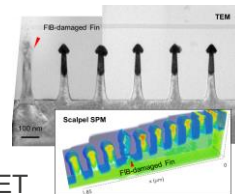
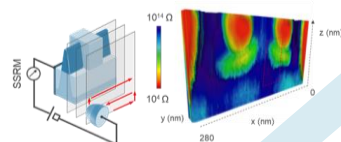
[J. Mody, et al., IEDM tech Dig., 6.1.1-6.1.4, 2011]

[Schulze, A., et al., Nanotechnology, 23, (30), 305707, 2013]

[Schulze, A., APL, 102, (5), 052108, 2013]



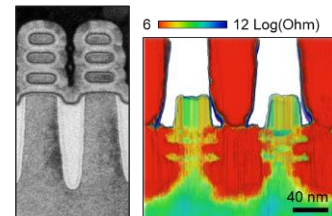
**FinFET**



[Celano, U., et al., FCMN Tech. Dig., 8, 2017]

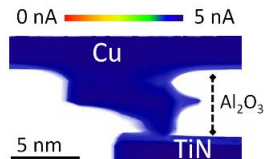
**Logic**

**NS-FET**



[Eyben, P. et al., IEDM Tech. Dig., 3, 2019]

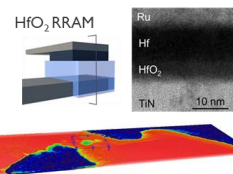
**CBRAM**



[Celano, U. et al., IEDM Tech. Dig., 3, 2014]

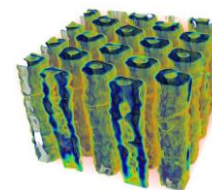
[Celano, U. et al., Nanoletters, 2401, 14, 5, 2014]

**VCM**



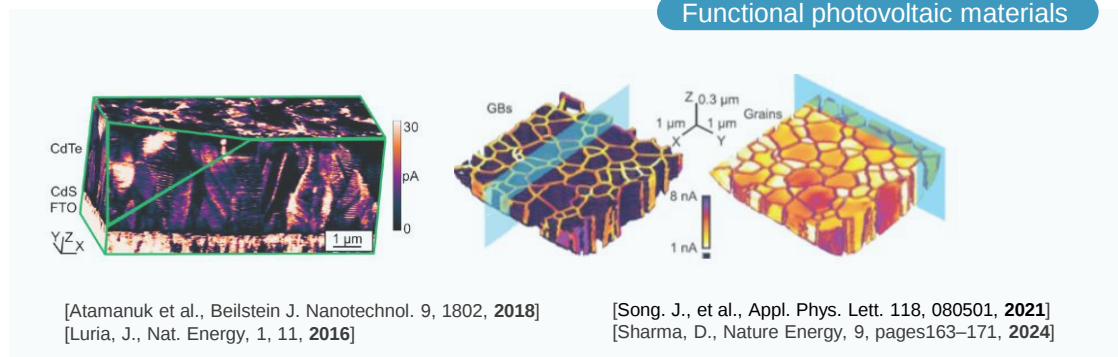
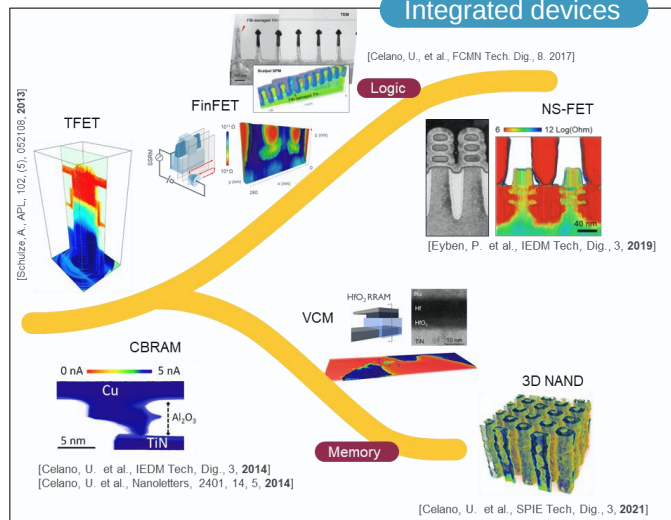
**Memory**

**3D NAND**

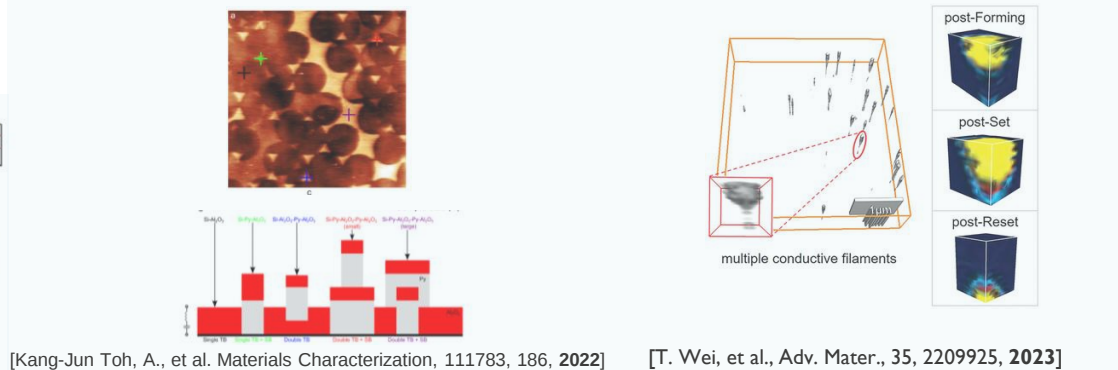
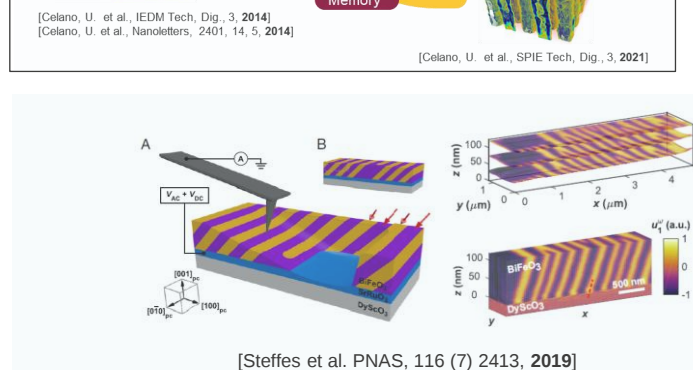


[Celano, U. et al., SPIE Tech. Dig., 3, 2021]

# Applications range: from nanoelectronics and material science

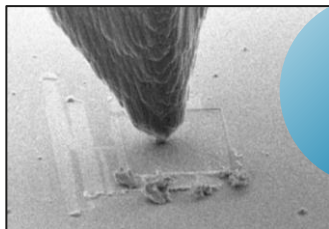


## Bulk materials properties



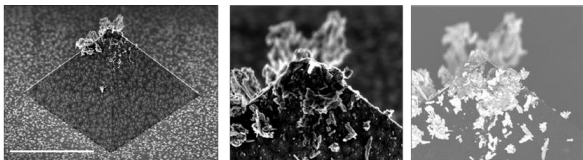
# A multi-probes approach to scalpel SPM

## Open issues with current Scalpel SPM



AFM  
&  
AFM

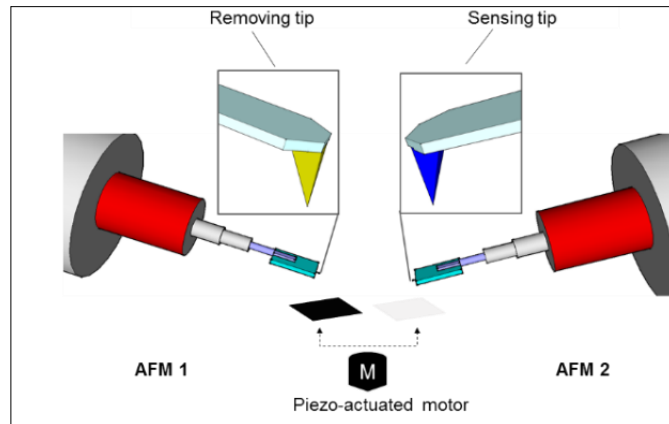
- Limited to one-probe contact modes
- Tip wear/blunting/degradation
- No functional probes (only-diamond)
- Limited lateral resolution/slow



[Chen, S. et al., Adv. Funct. Mater., 28 (52), 2018]

[Celano, U. et al., Scientific Reports, 8, 2994, 2018]

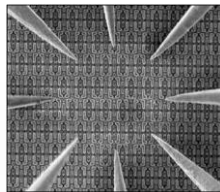
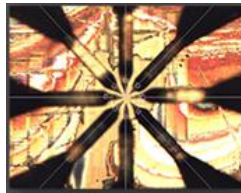
## Multi-probes Scalpel SPM approach



- non-contact AFM      ► MFM, KPFM, IR-SPM, PFM,...
- Magnetic domain imaging      ► 5 nm resolution MFM
- Controlled depth increment      ► < 1nm depth resolution
- Biased device operation      ► external magnetic fields, voltage,
- Speed through Automation and dedicated diamond tip design (and fabrication)

# Achieving multi-probes (heads) capabilities

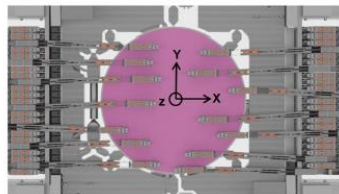
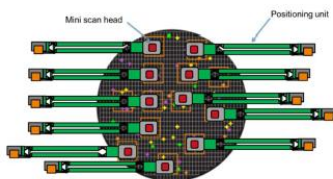
## Hyperion II



Up to 8 probes / MEMS mirror cantilever

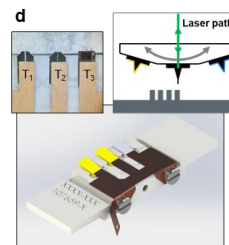
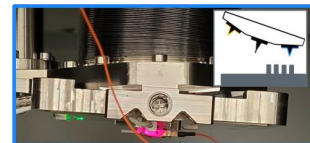
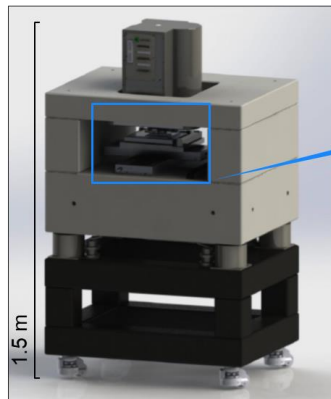
## TNO - NFI

**NEARFIELD**  
INSTRUMENTS



10+ parallel AFM head / Large area sensing

## Imec – Infinitesima approach



Installation  
Tool delivery and  
installation in MCA



## Rapid Probe Microscope (RPM) 3D

### System overview

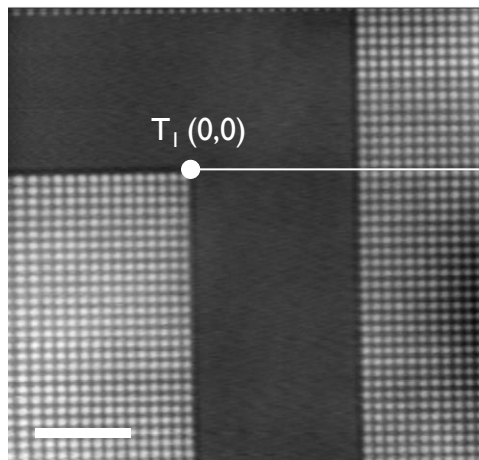
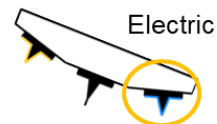
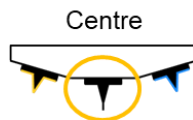
- Air operation
- Stage motion 200 x 200 mm
- Field of view 8 x 8  $\mu\text{m}$
- Z linearity < +/- 2nm

infinitesima **imec**

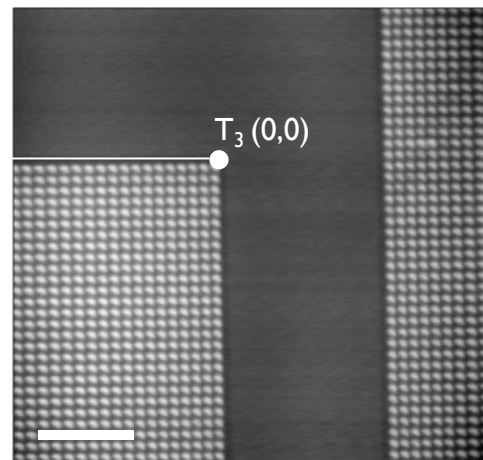
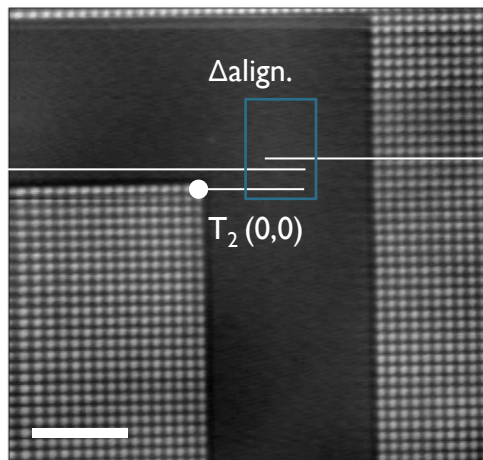
[Sharma, D., et al., Electronic Device Failure Analysis, 4, 20-26, 2023]

# A multi-probes sensing

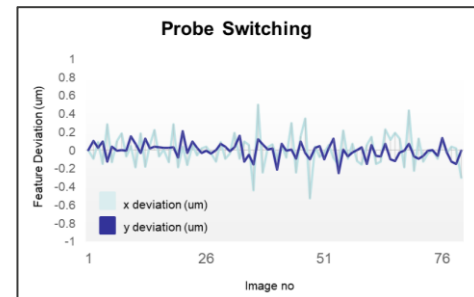
## Probes alternation



scalebar 800 nm



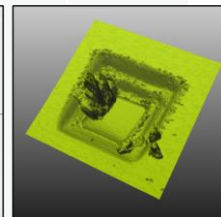
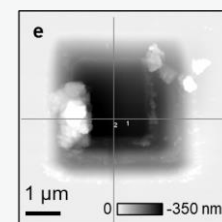
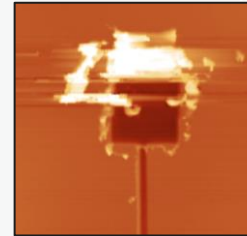
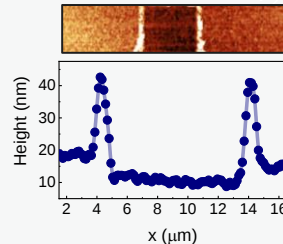
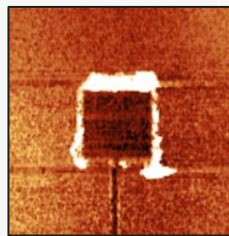
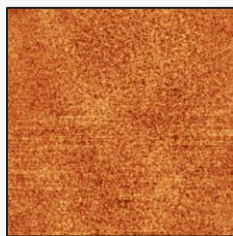
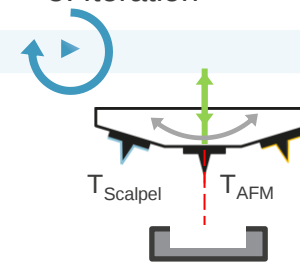
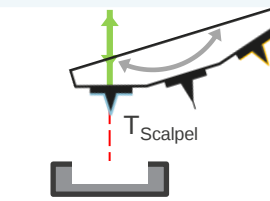
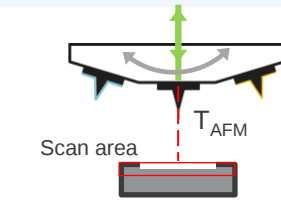
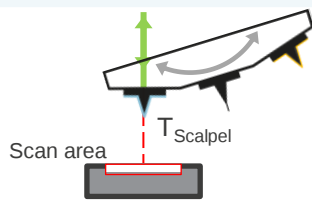
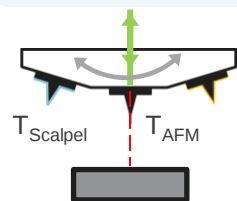
[Celano, U. et al., *SPIE Tech. Dig.*, **2021**]  
[Celano, U. et al., *IPFA Tech. Dig.*, **2021**]



# A multi-probes material removal flow

Decoupling digging and sensing

1. Overview scan    2. Mater. removal    3. Height extraction    4. Mater. removal    5. Iteration    Repeat



Locating area of interest

Start a slow-rate removal

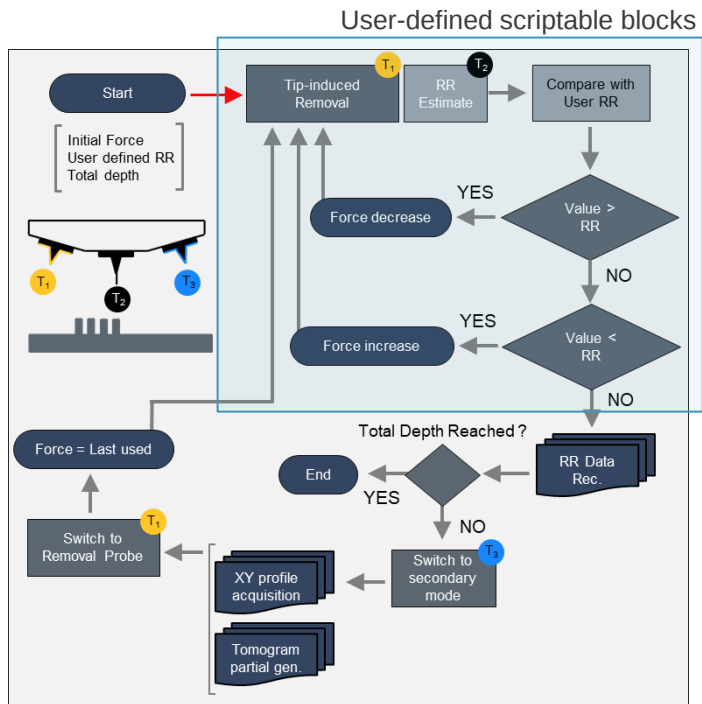
Removal-rate estimate

Adjust and Repeat

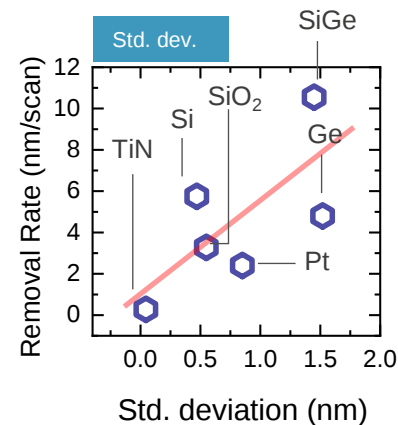
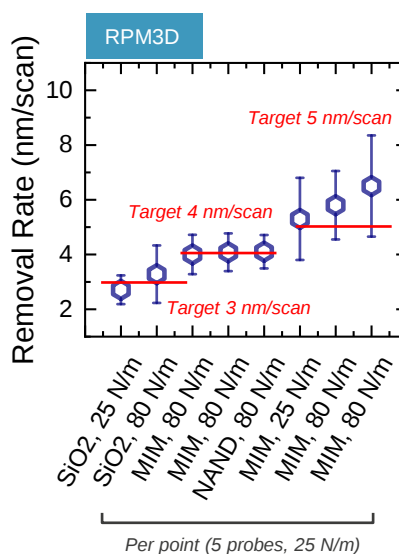
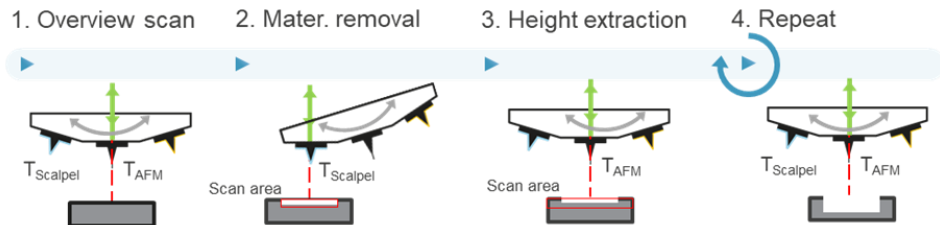
[Celano, U. et al., *Proc. SPIE*, 11611, 2021]  
[Celano, U. et al., *IPFA Tech dig.*, 2021]

# Improving control in the material removal and removal-rate

## Tunability of the removal-rate

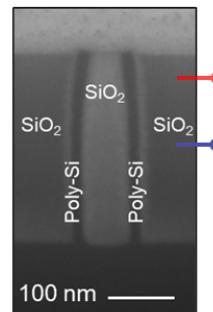
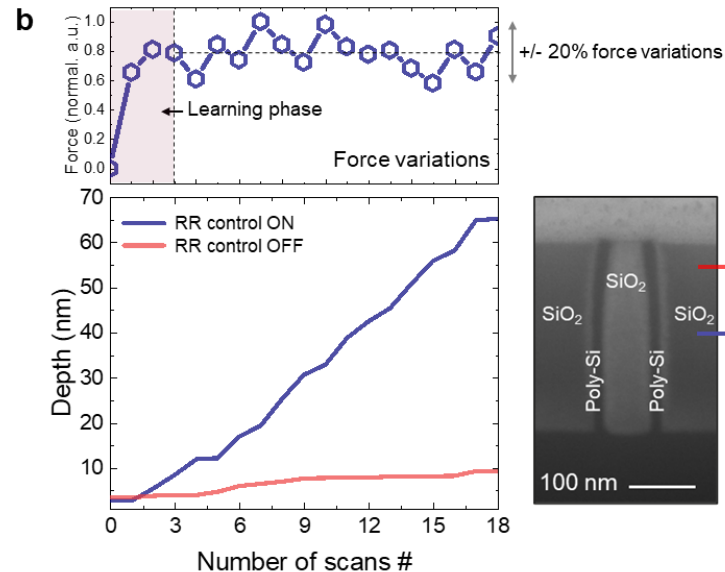
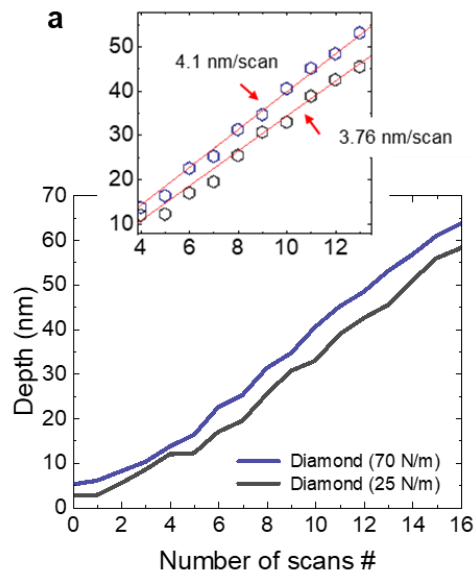
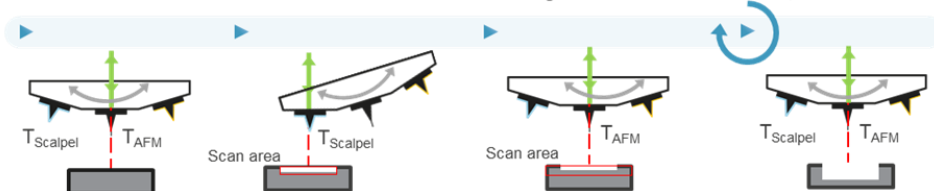


[Sharma, D., et al., Electronic Device Failure Analysis, 4, 20-26, 2023]

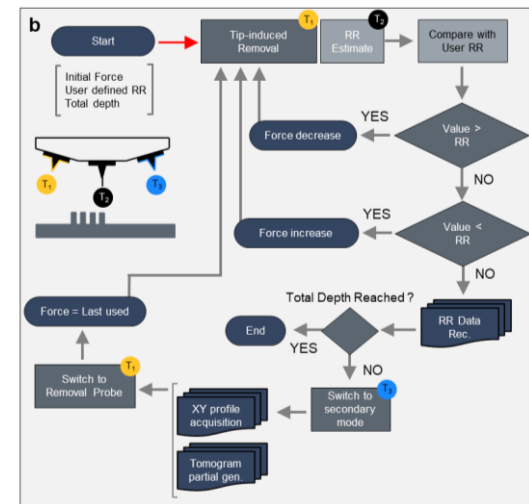


# Automated removal-rate control

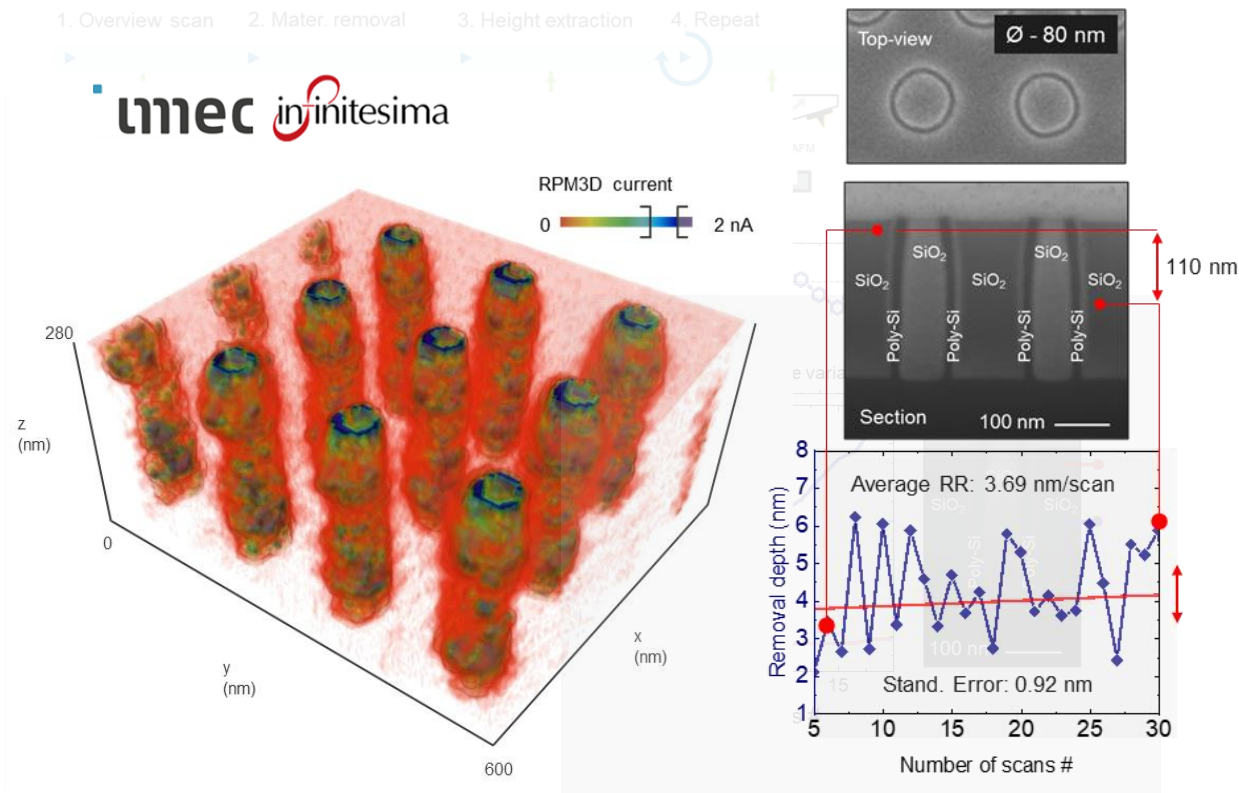
1. Overview scan    2. Mater. removal    3. Height extraction    4. Repeat



## Scriptable removal-rate control 4 nm/scan



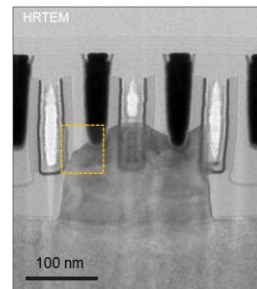
# Removal-rate control & tomographic reconstruction



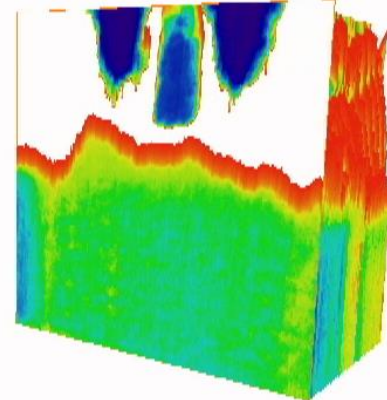
[Sharma, D., et al., Electronic Device Failure Analysis, 4, 20-26, 2023]

[Sharma, D., IPFA Tech. Dig., 2023]

On-going SSRM demo in RPM3D



$10^3$   $10^{12} \Omega$

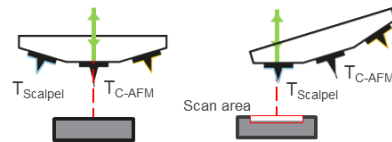
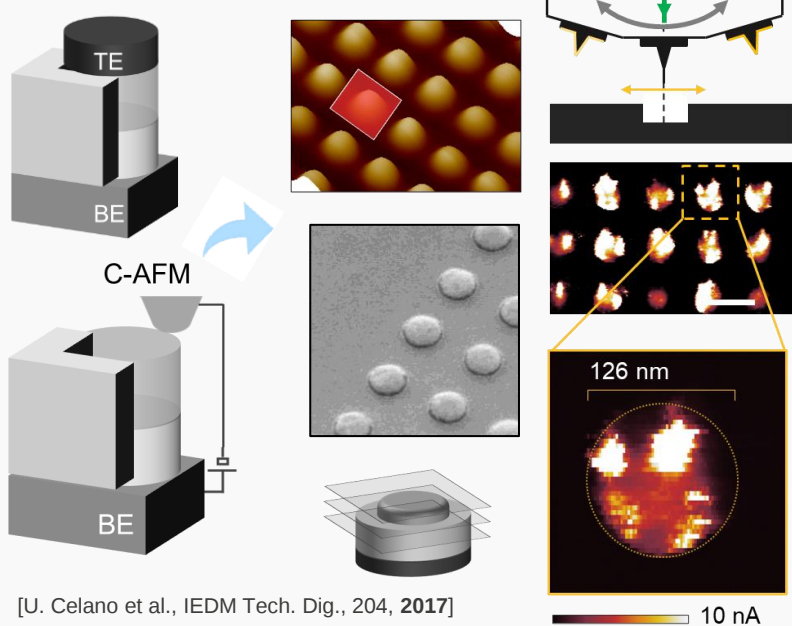


[Eyben, P., IEDM Tech. dig., 11.3, 2019]

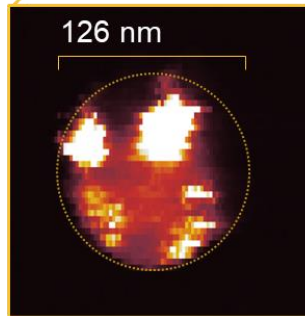
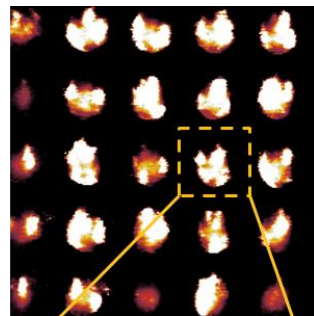
# Improving tip-sample **convolutional** artefacts

Enabling artifacts-free high resolution in electrical modes

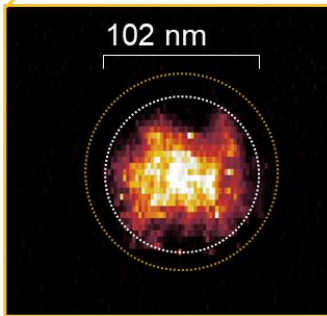
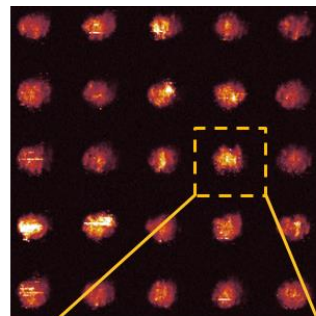
## Single probe scalpel SPM limits



## Single probe



## Multi probe



[Sharma, D. et al. IPFA Tech Dig. 2023]

# Outline

## Pushing the Boundaries with Multi-Probes and Reverse Tip Sample Scanning

Introduction

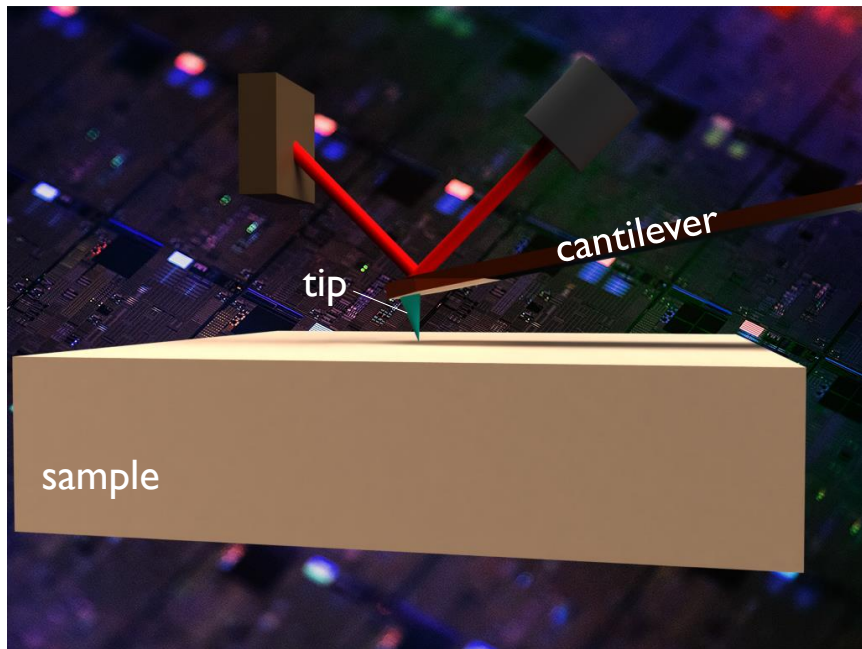
Multi-probes sensing

Reverse tip-sample scanning ●

# From single-probe SPM to RTS SPM

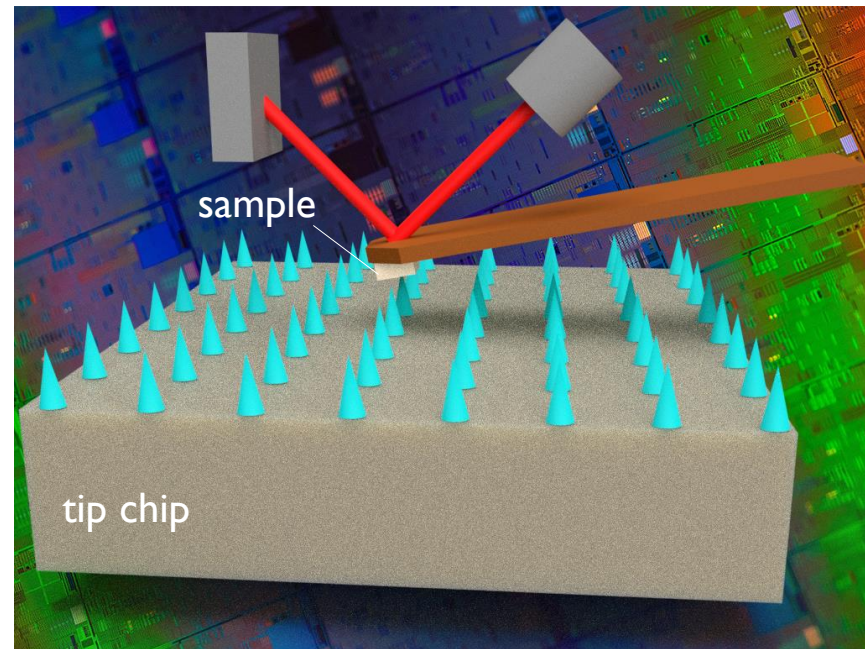
(RTS: Reverse Tip Sample)

## SPM:



- Standard configuration with tip on cantilever
- Tip blunting = probe exchange ( $\geq 10$  min)
- Limited to single-tip scanning

## RTS SPM:

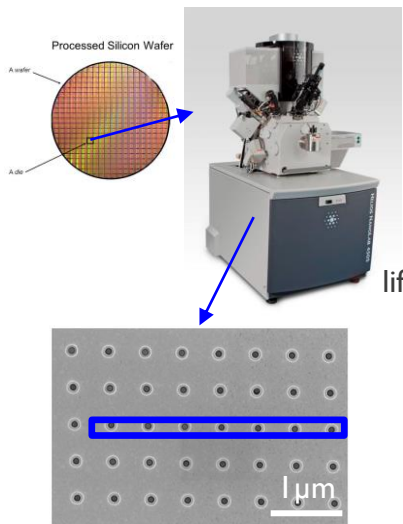


- Sample fixed to cantilever  $\Rightarrow$  FIB prep procedures
- Seamless tip change ( $\sim 1$  s)  $\Rightarrow$  Tip chip development
- Multiple-tip scanning possible

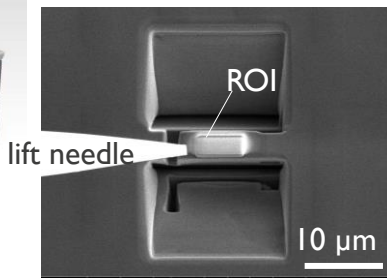
# FIB for RTS-SPM sample preparation – basic steps overview

*Aim: Development of reliable, reproducible & time-efficient FIB prep procedures*

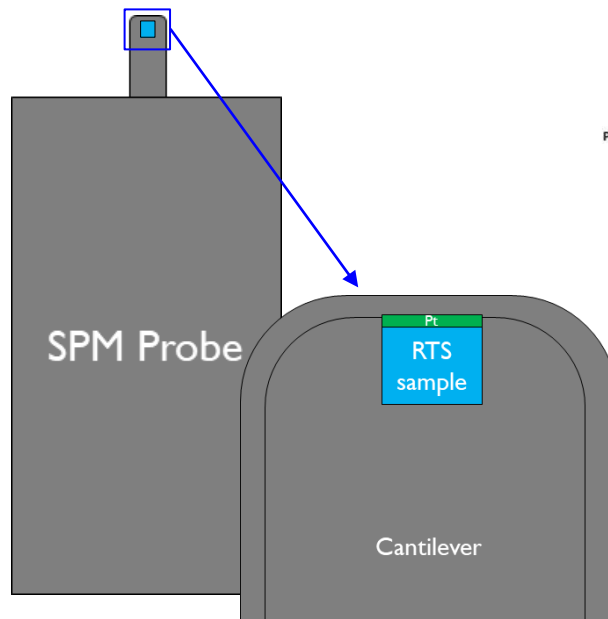
Loading wafer  
die/sample into FIB



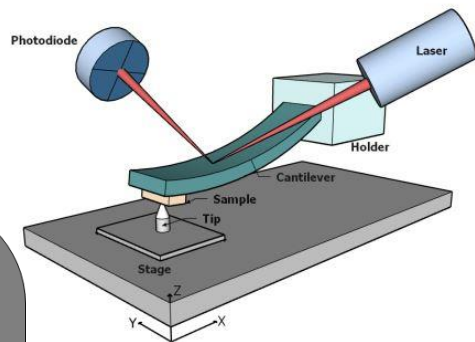
Extracting ROI  
sample from die



Mounting ROI  
sample on cantilever



Measuring sample in  
RTS SPM mode

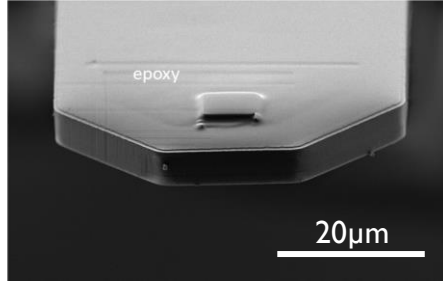
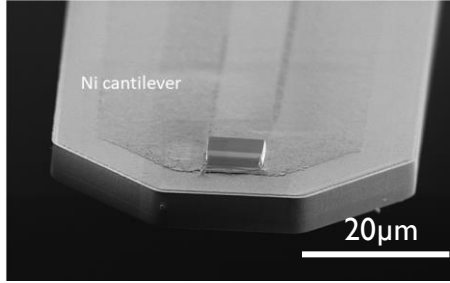


# FIB for RTS-SPM sample preparation – improved fixation step

After FIB mounting



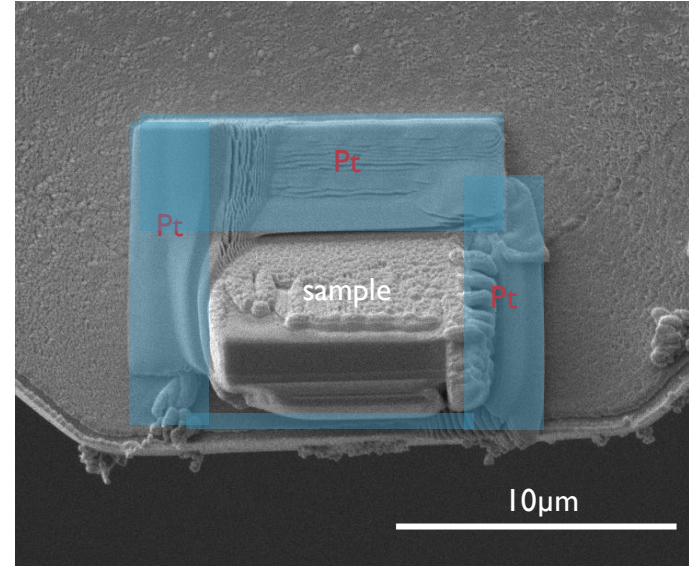
After epoxy cementation



Previous FIB prototype preparation

After FIB, extra manual gluing step ('cementation') required to ensure strong enough sample-to-cantilever fixation

[Lagrain, P., et al., Micro and Nano Engineering, 23,10024735, 2024]

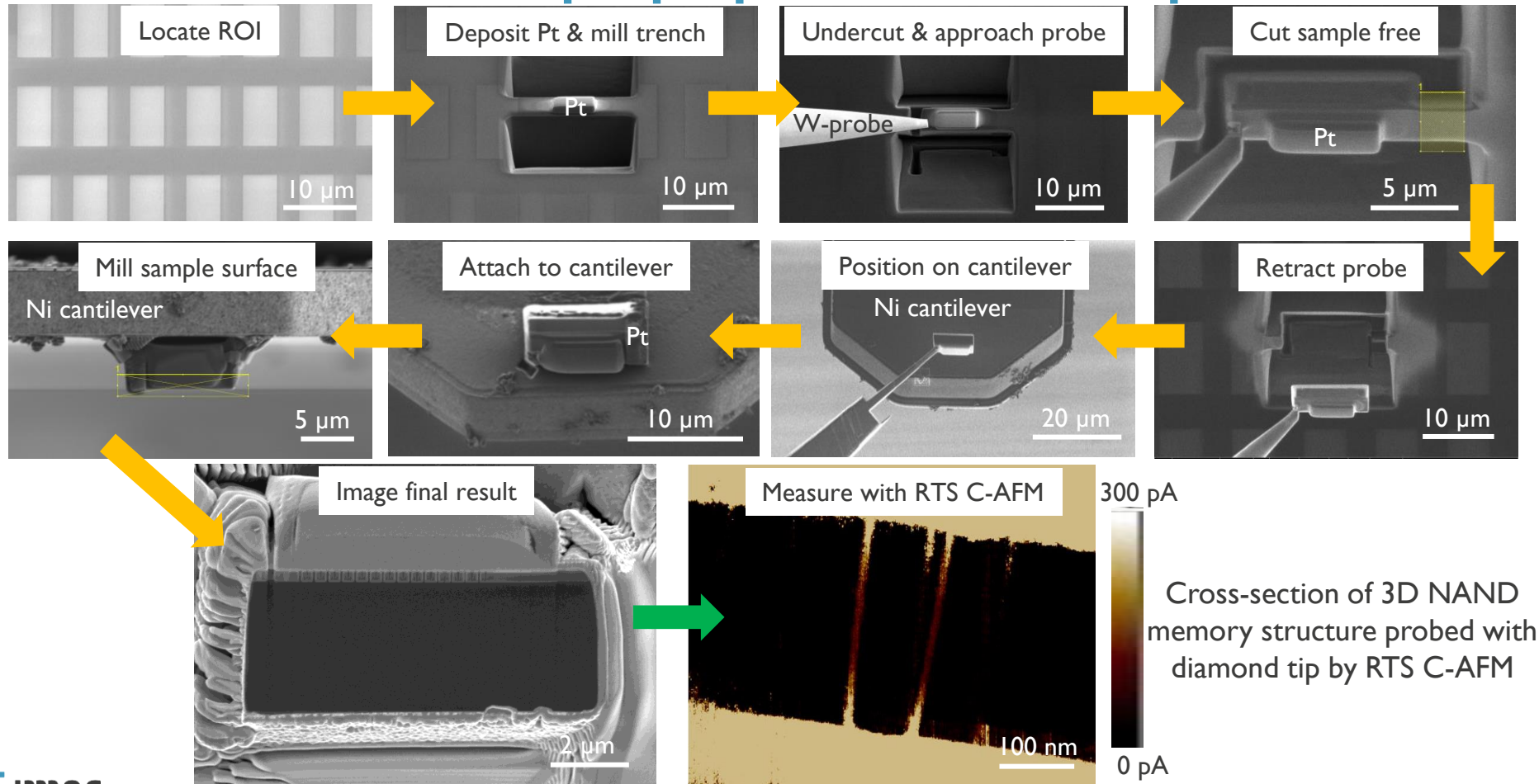


New FIB-only preparation approach

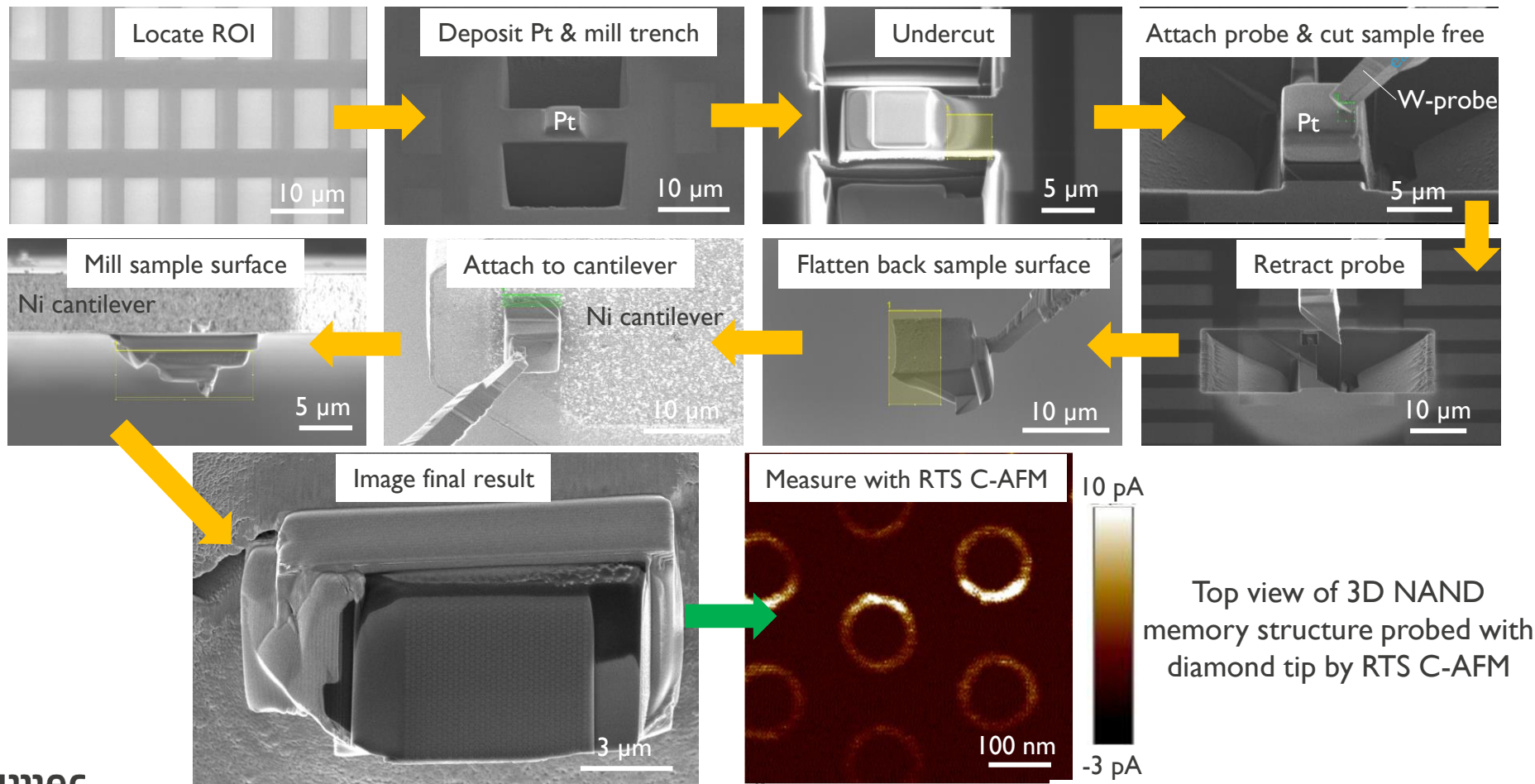


Pt-all-around sample encapsulation step yields high mechanical bond strength & ensures good electrical contact to cantilever

# FIB for RTS-SPM sample prep – Cross-section procedure



# FIB for RTS-SPM sample prep – Top view procedure



# FIB for RTS-SPM sample prep – demo of inline process

Attach to Cu TEM grid



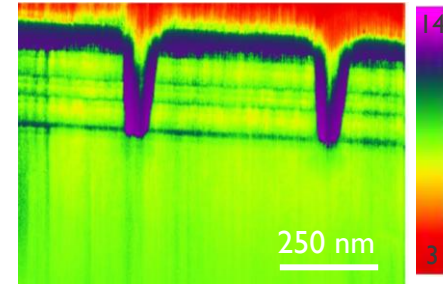
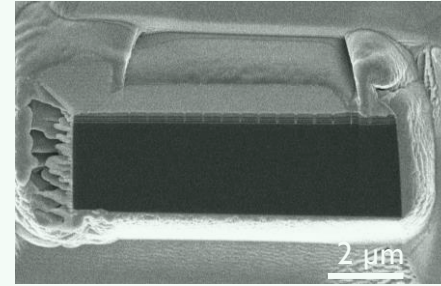
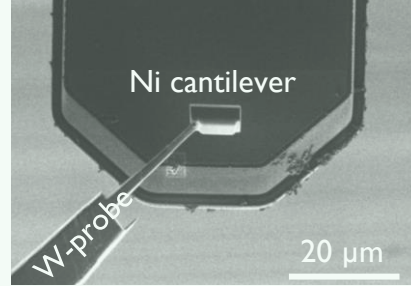
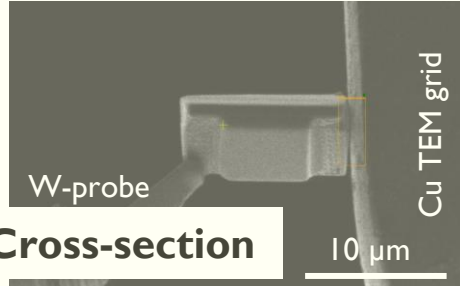
Transfer to cantilever



Image final result



Measure with RTS SSRM

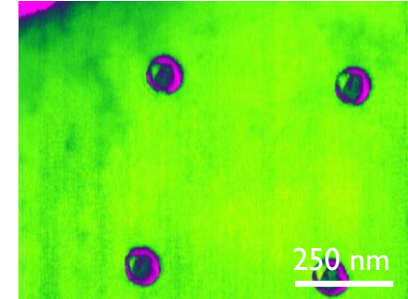
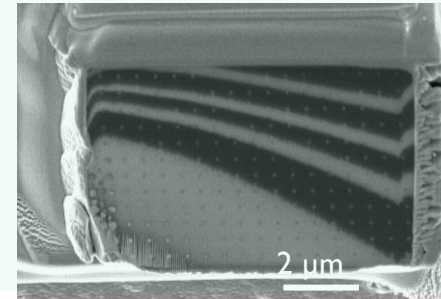
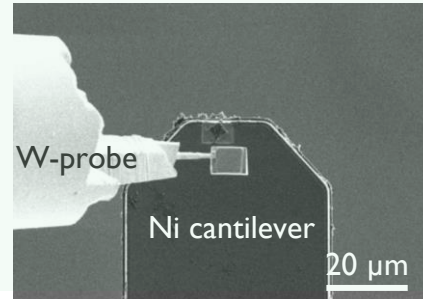
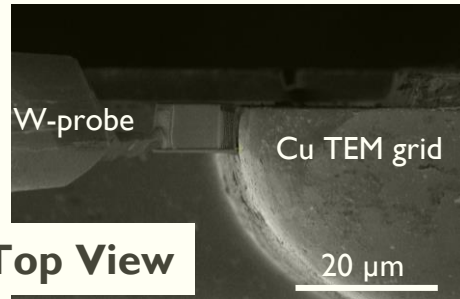


Inline



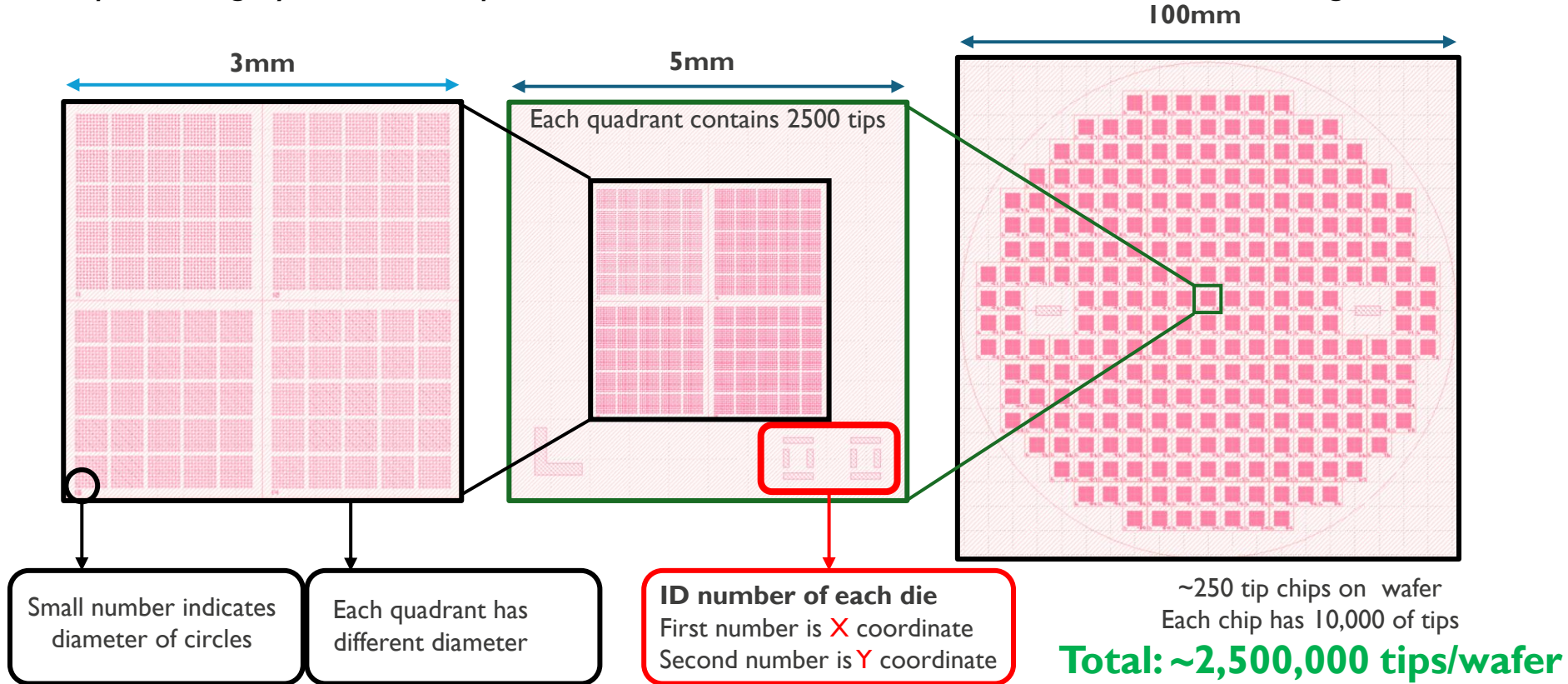
Out of line

Cross-section & top view  
of stack memhole  
structures probed with  
diamond tip by RTS SSRM



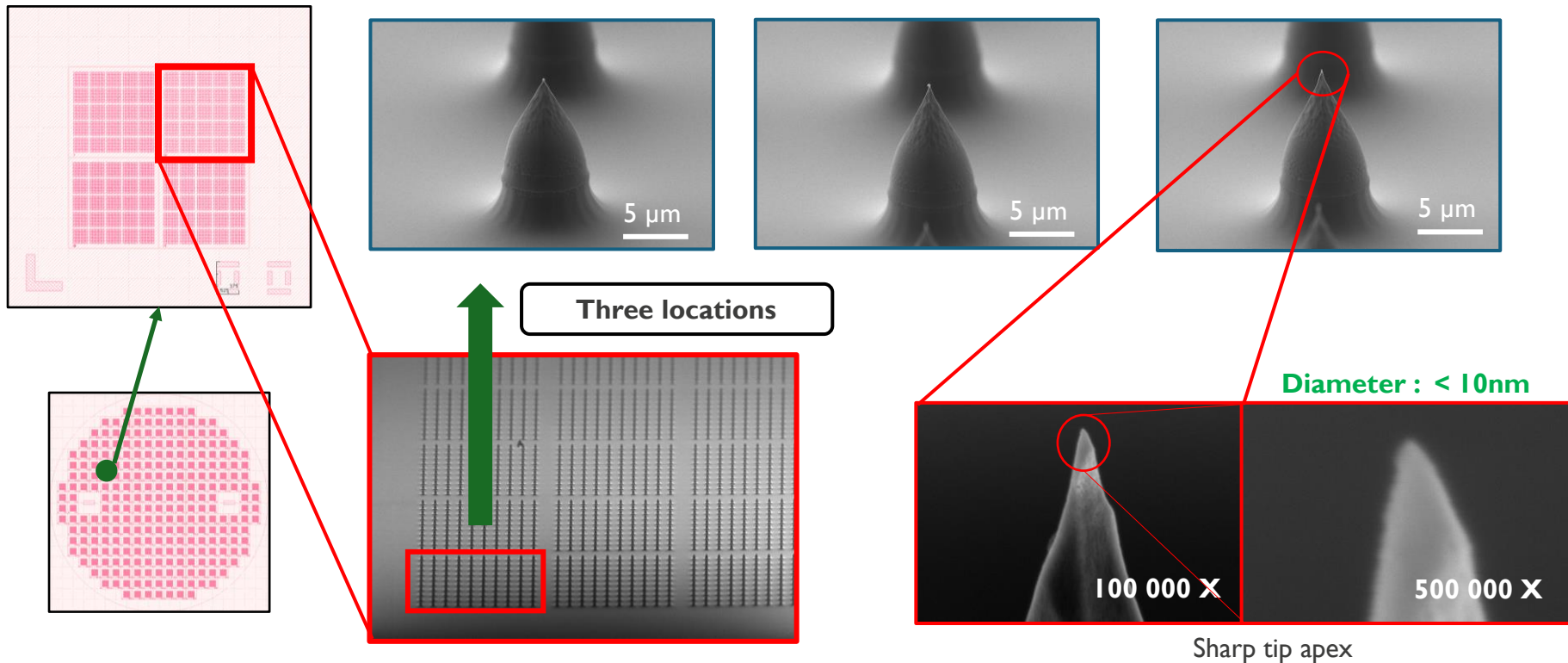
# All-Si tip chips for RTS SPM – design

*Compact design yields 2.5M tips on 4-inch wafer & ensures cost-efficient manufacturing*



# All-Si tip chips for RTS SPM – fabrication results

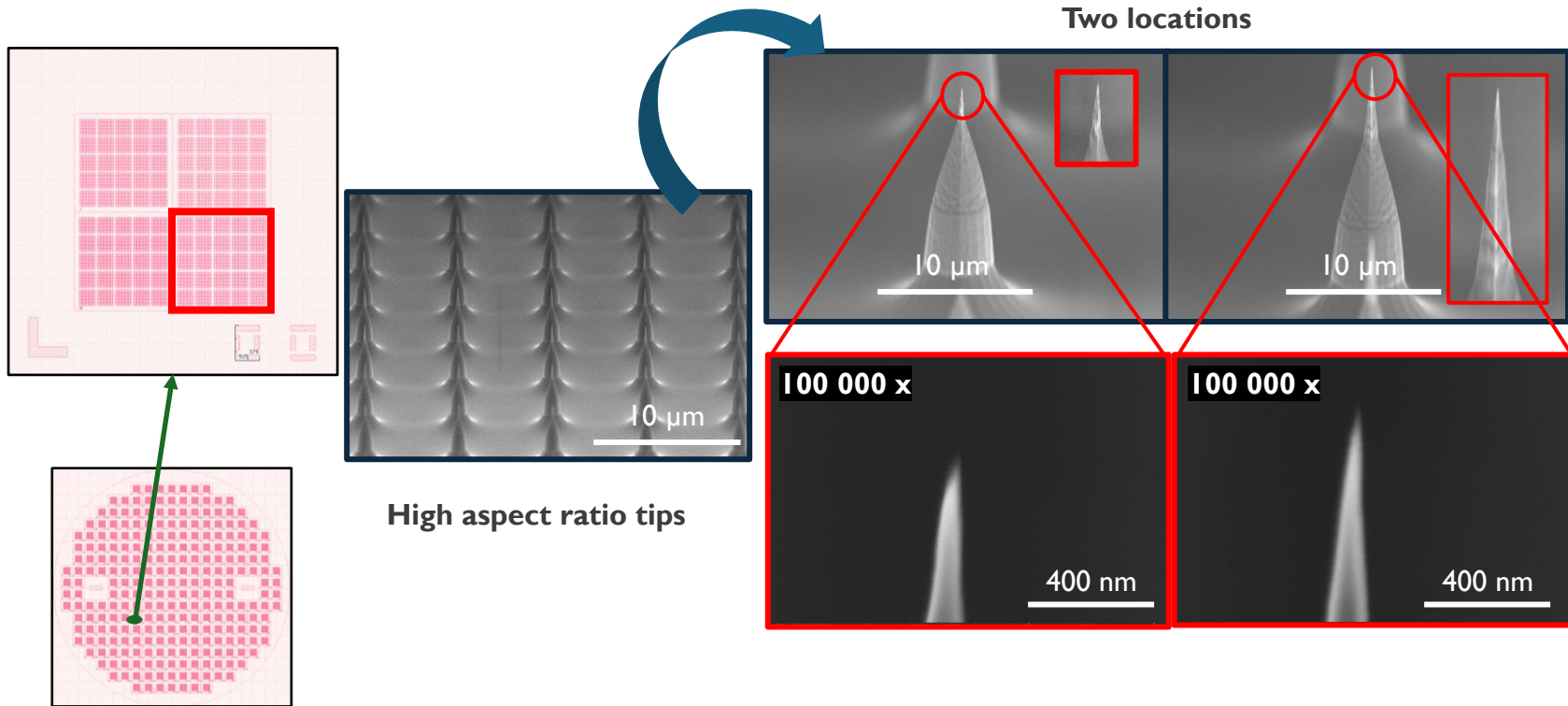
*Novel single-run multiple-step dry-etching approach developed for wafer scale fabrication*



[Kim, H.S., et al., Nanotechnology, 35 2657034, 2024]

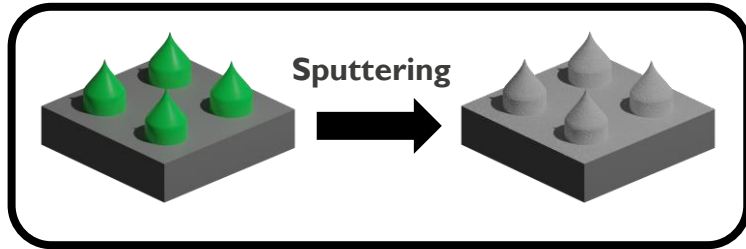
# All-Si tip chips for RTS SPM – fabrication results

*Process fine-tuning allows also for high-aspect-ratio Si tip wafers*



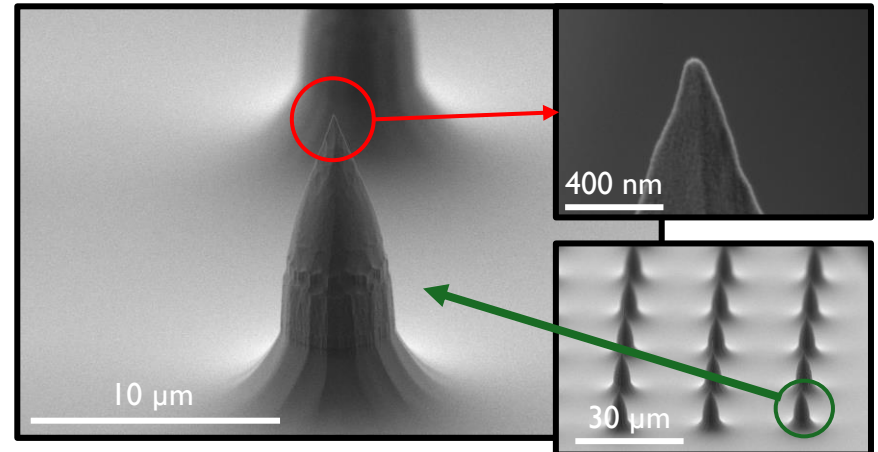
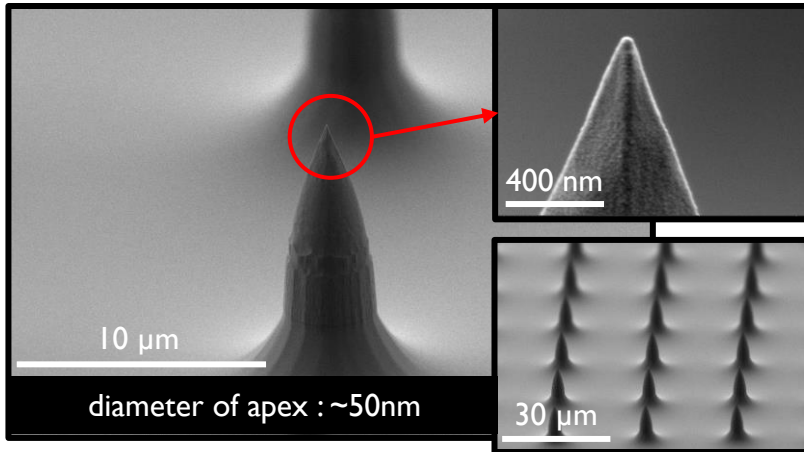
# All-Si tip chips for RTS SPM – metal coated tips

*Tip chips can be adapted for special methods by application of thin-layer coatings (e.g. metal)*



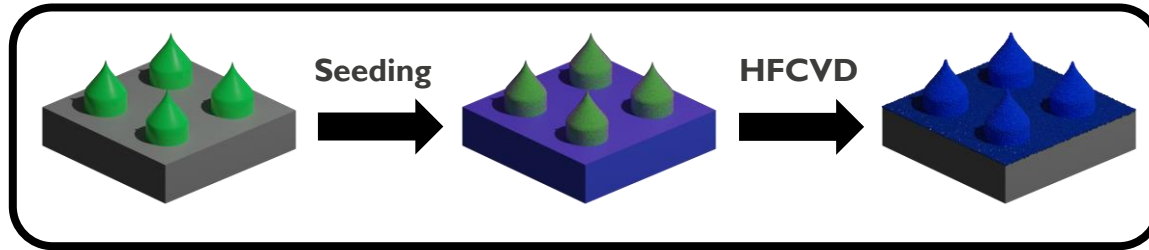
**10nm of Cr (adhesion layer) + 30nm of Pt**

[Kim, H.S., et al., Nanotechnology, 35 2657034, 2024]



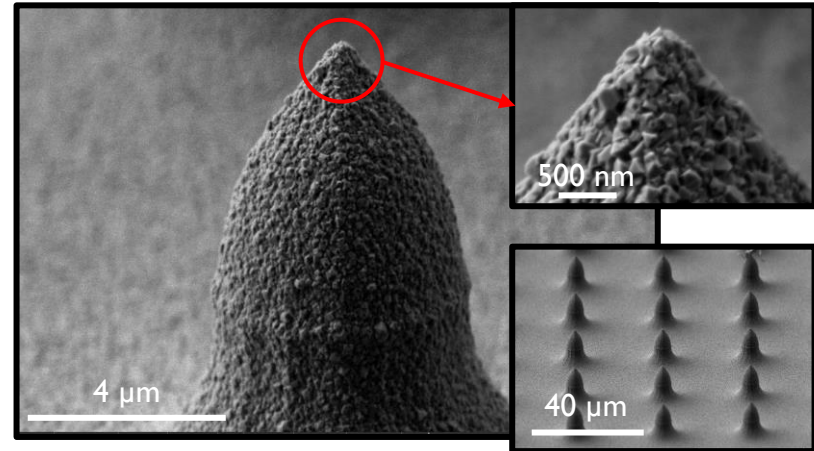
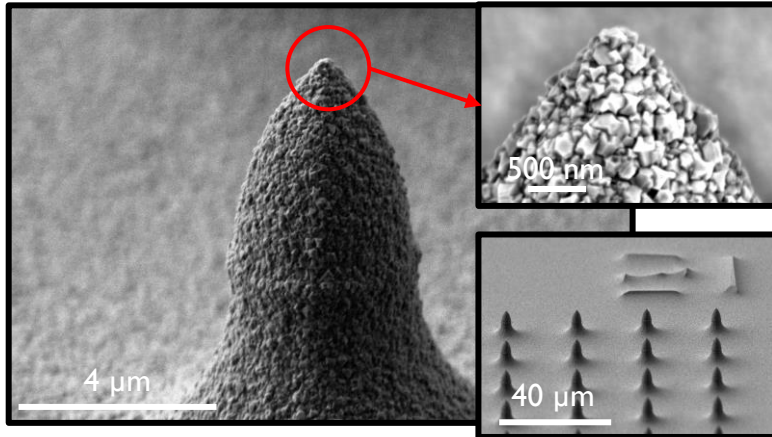
# All-Si tip chips for RTS SPM – diamond coated tips

*First diamond coated tip chip wafers were made and validated for electrical SPM measurements*



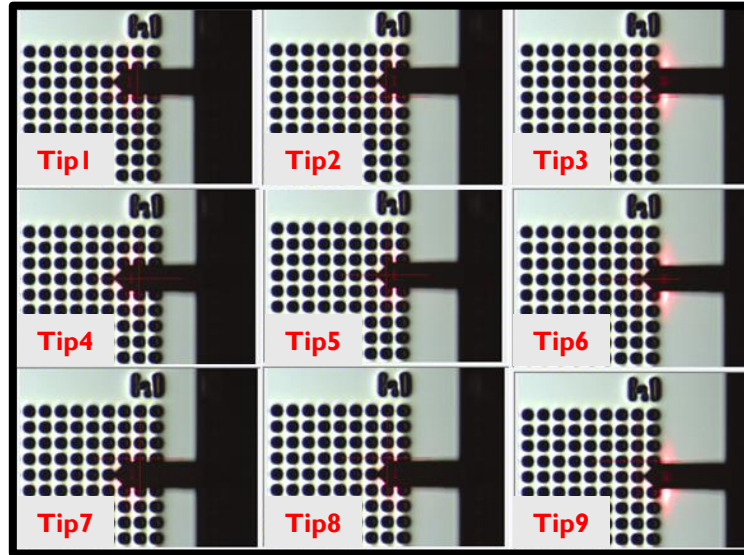
**200nm of Boron doped polycrystalline diamond layer**

[Kim, H.S., et al., Nanotechnology, 35 2657034, 2024]



# RTS AFM measurement in tapping mode using Si tip

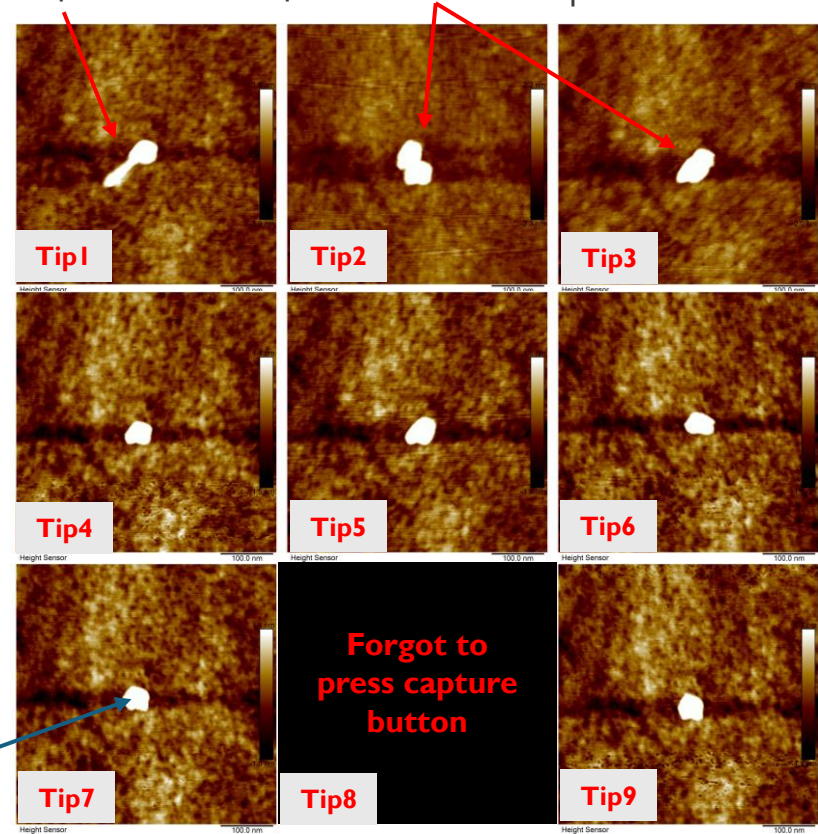
*Multiple tip scans identify tip related artifacts & improve quality of measurement data*



[Kim, H.S., et al., Nanotechnology, 35 2657034, 2024]

Height of this particle : 9nm  
Diameter : 55nm

Double tip with different tip diameter Double tip



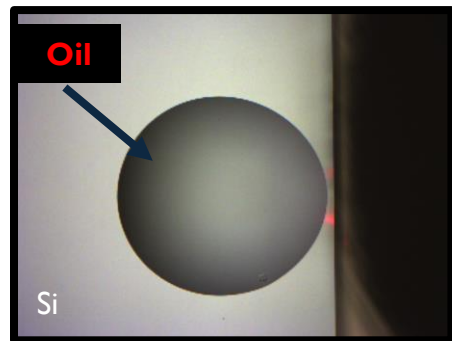
Scan area : 500nm, Z-height

# Scalpel RTS SPM in oil using diamond coated Si tip

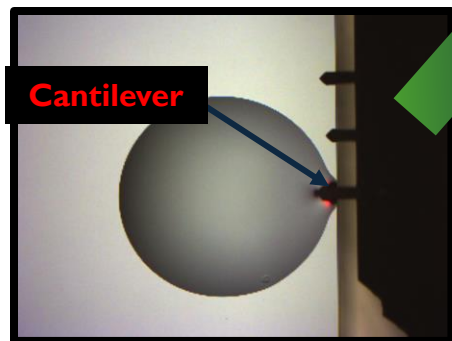
*Use of oil in 3D SPM results in tip lubrication & efficiently removes scalpel debris from ROI & tip*

1. Dip Si cantilever sample into high-viscosity oil

2. Engage Si sample onto diamond tip & scalpel

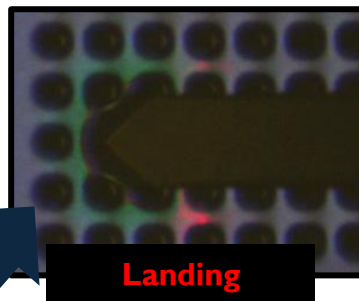


Landing on oil

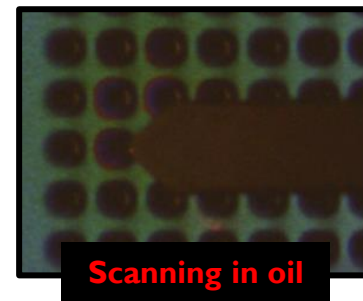


Withdraw

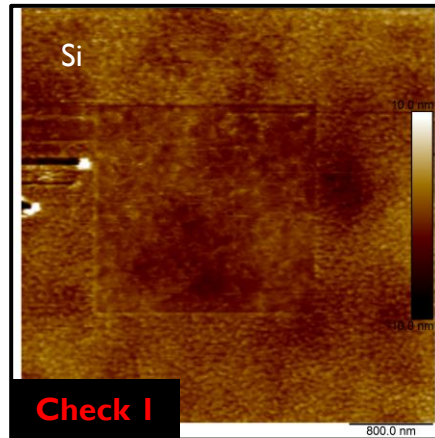
A large green arrow pointing from the 'Cantilever' image to the 'Check 1' image, labeled 'Withdraw'.



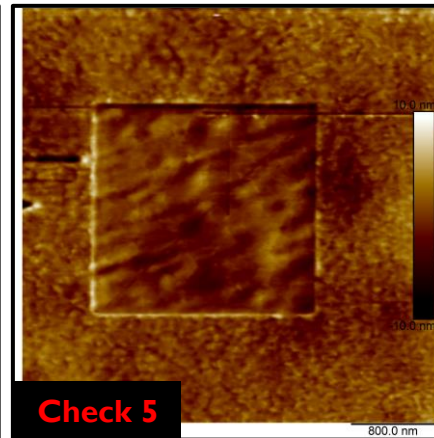
Landing



Scanning in oil



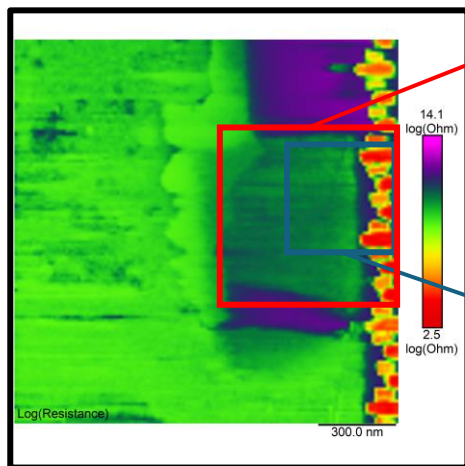
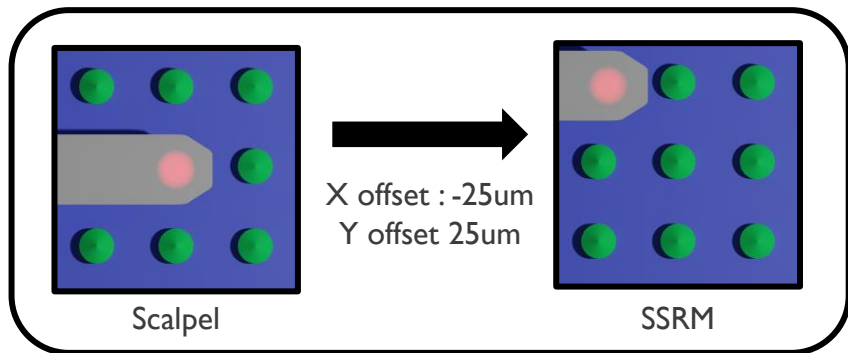
Check 1



Check 5

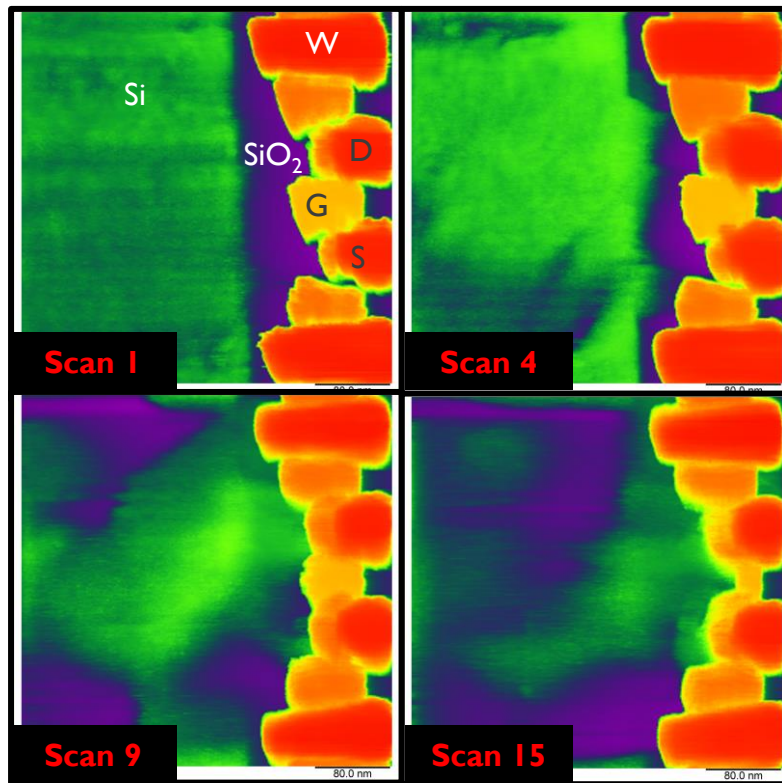
# Seamless tip switching in scalpel RTS SSRM measurement

*Alternating tips in between materials removal & electrical measurement scans*



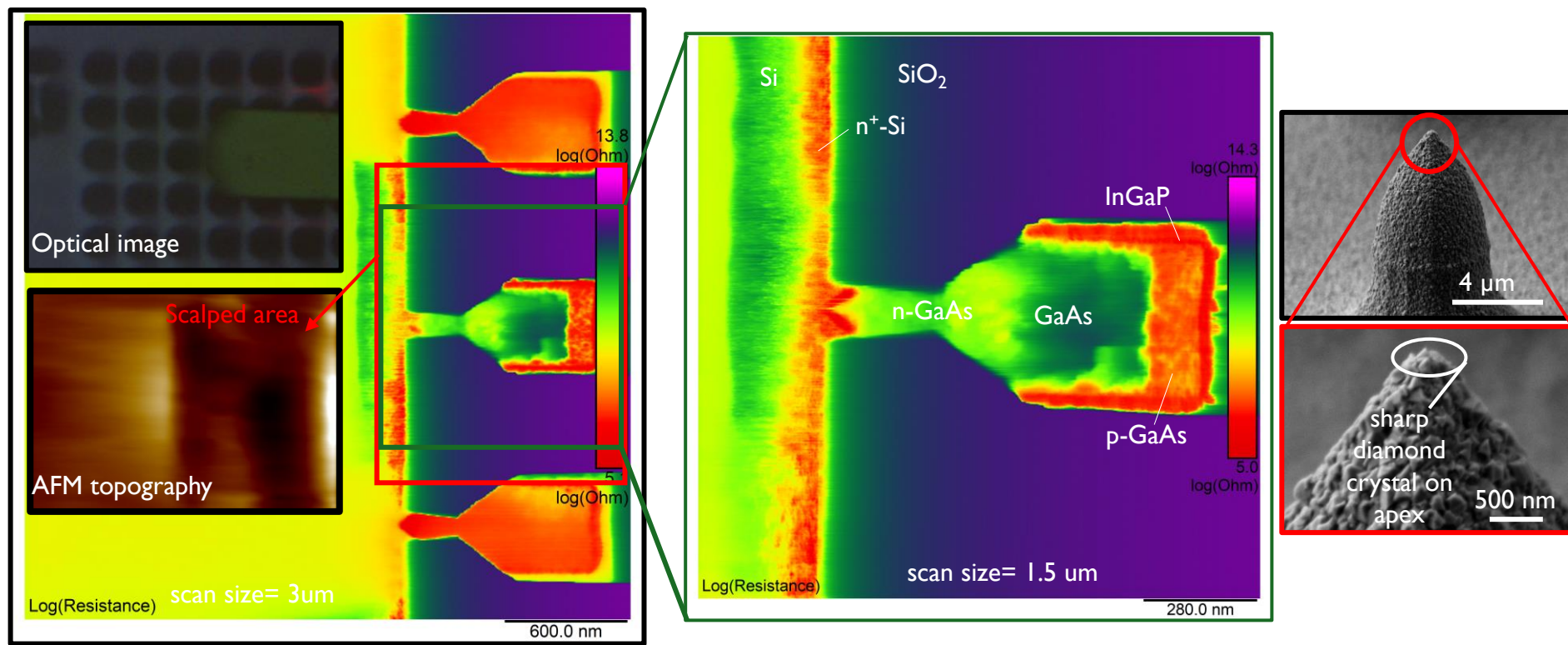
Scalpel area scanned with blunter tip

SSRM area scanned with sharper tip



# RTS SSRM measurement of III-V nanoridge structure

*Diamond tip removes first amorphized layer from FIB & probes then ROI of device structure*



# Outline

## Pushing the Boundaries with Multi-Probes and Reverse Tip Sample Scanning

Introduction

Multi-probes sensing

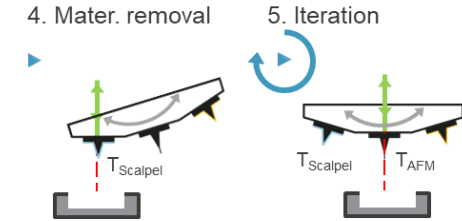
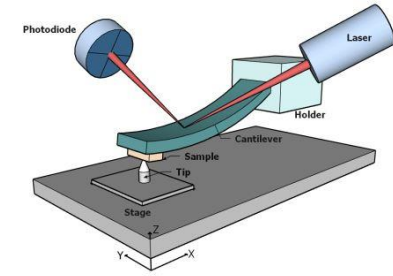
Reverse tip-sample scanning

Conclusions



# Conclusions

- Continued and renewed impact of SPM in Nanoelectronics
- Multi-probe sensing RPM3D & RTS SPM
  - Innovative approaches for data collection
- RTS offers multiple tips & techniques; overcomes single-tip barrier of existing SPM
- Both strategies have high potential for 3D tomography of confined nanoelectronics devices (de-layering)
- Enabler for use of novel high-performance tip platforms
- Outlook
  - Increase level of integration into commercial tools
  - Remove barriers for usability
  - Expand sensing modes for routine application



## Acknowledgements:

H.S. Kim, P. Lagrain, A. Minj, N. Peric,  
J. Serron, L. Wouters, D. Sharma, M.  
Tedaldi, A.D.L. Humphris

