

Questions	Time asked	Answer
Can an 02 FFL with SOT file a Form 1, or only an 07 FFL?	May 4, 2026, 3:09:33 PM	The holder of a type 02 FFL can file a Form 1 to make and register an NFA firearm. The application is filed under the name as it appears on the FFL and must be completed by a responsible person on the FFL. The application must include your FFL number, your EIN, and your SOT class paid. If the firearm is being made for sale, you should have a manufacturer's license and SOT as a manufacturer of NFA firearms.
What form, how to when doing work order, gunsmith, warranty work etc.	May 4, 2026, 3:10:47 PM	Form 5 is strongly recommended, but not required, by ATF for a licensed FFL or gunsmith accepting an NFA firearm for repairs. A written request for repair from the customer, along with a copy of their proof of registration of the firearm, will also suffice.
I do not see corrections anymore, just disapproved, (Start over)	May 4, 2026, 3:12:05 PM	ATF disabled the correction module within eForms due to the volume of forms being submitted in 2026. It is supposed to come back - but no known timeline
Just did a form 4 to form 4 (trust to FFL) You can use the control number (and should) in efile to bring up the item characteristics.	May 4, 2026, 3:19:02 PM	N/A - Question answers a previous question or comment
So if I am dispositioning to a shop that will preform the transfer to the person or other business the firearm is getting sold to. Do I need to create this profile then? (Our business does not do transfers, we get help from other business that do this as we don't have the space to hold the files for the transfers)	May 4, 2026, 3:20:02 PM	No - assuming you are an FFL/SOT - If the Transferee is an FFL - you would use their FFL and SOT on a Form 3
Form 2 is the only must? the other three are should, And Form 3 is only until form 4 approved ?	May 4, 2026, 3:41:56 PM	ALL NFA forms MUST be filed as appropriate for the particular transaction. They are required by law, and failure to submit them can result in criminal prosecution and seizure of the firearm(s) in question. With the possible exception of a Form 5 being completed by an NFA firearm owner to temporarily transfer their NFA firearm to an FFL/gunsmith for repairs (even that is very strongly recommended by both ATF and NSSF), there are NO should be filed forms!
keeping a copy of the Trust is required by law or just recommended?	May 4, 2026, 3:42:25 PM	Recommended - also if you have a copy of the Trust, the repeat sales are easier
I have never heard of an IOI asking for a trust document, is there any specific context in which they would do so?	May 4, 2026, 3:42:37 PM	The most likely time they would ask for trust documents during an inspection is during the period while a Form 4 for a Trust is pending approval by ATF.
How do you transfer an NFA item out of an Estate to an individual?	May 4, 2026, 3:46:50 PM	Form 5 is used to transfer the firearm to the lawful beneficiary of an estate by the executor of the estate - need death cert, memo appointing executor. A Form 4 is used if it is being transferred to any other individual or to an FFL. Instruction 2k on the Form 5 discusses this in detail. Contact ATF for specific guidance on this issue. There are a lot of possible variations of this procedure.
can trust members live in different states and possess nfa items that are on the trust in a different state	May 4, 2026, 3:50:15 PM	Yes. All active Co-Trustees at the time of the Form submission who submitted Fingerprints, photos and RPQ (5320.23) can possess firearms registered to the trust. ATF Form 5320.20 is required to transfer the NFA firearm from a trustee in one state to a trustee in another state.
Can a private individual transfer to another private individual on an eForm4?	May 4, 2026, 3:51:04 PM	Yes, provided they are both residents of the same state - added with the 2026 changes

For machine gun transfer, when you have a registered seer/bolt and it's hos how do you log in your books especially if it's in a sbr format. I know machineguntrumps sbr etc but when its 2 part how do you.	May 4, 2026, 3:52:48 PM	If they are two separate items, each gets logged in on a different line, and each is treated as a different firearm on a Form 3 or Form 4. If it's an SBR that has been converted to a machine gun, it becomes just a machine gun, and the barrel length is part of its description. The Form 3 or Form 4 documenting its current registration status should give you some guidance here.
Thank you for the answer about the state trooper. My second question so because the executor of the will is not local but his brother that passed was. It is currently an Idaho tax stamp. So the Arizona executor must transfer to an FFL and can't do a private party to another Idaho resident? Thank you!	May 4, 2026, 3:53:54 PM	The fact that the executor lives out of state does not prohibit hm from transferring the firearm to a friend of the deceased who resides in the same state as the deceased on a Form 4. The executor is simply making the transfer on behalf of the deceased. As long as the will named him as the executor, he can do it without going through an FFL. See instruction 2k on the Form 5 for detailed information.
When a customer ships to a FFL (MFG) for repair what does the repair FFL need to acquire from the individual? Coming from all US states?	May 4, 2026, 3:54:05 PM	The recommended procedure is that the customer files a Form 5 with ATF for repair (front page only). Alternatively, the FFL should get a copy of the customer's approved Form 4 and a letter requesting that the FFL repair the firearm.
Can someone else listed on the trust pick up the NFA item and complete the 4473 or does it have to be the person that submitted the Form 4?	May 4, 2026, 3:57:45 PM	Pending the Trust document language - but typically all Co-Trustees have power and authority to acquire or dispose items from the trust. The Form 1 or 4 when suibmitted has a list of Trust members on page 3 of the form that says who was in the Trust at the time and who was submitted for a background Check. My shop policy is to only deal and dispose to those named members that are over 21. You can dispose to a trust member that was added after the form was submitted - but they will need a background check!
Does the transferring person need to re-submit his prints on the form 4 along with the person receiving	May 4, 2026, 3:58:40 PM	No. Only the Transaferee (Buyer) needs prints, photots and if a Trust the RPQ
Thanks. Can I use the same photos and fingerprints each time or reuse the ones from before especially for customers buying multiple over a period of time.	May 4, 2026, 4:01:27 PM	Fingerprints do not expire. Photos per the Form 4 are good for 6 months.
Do we expect this to go away for SBR/SBS Suppressors ?	May 4, 2026, 4:01:50 PM	The Hearing Protection Act proposes to remove suppressors from the NFA; however, it has never been passed by Congress. A law change is the only way this can happen.
does the person have to be a RP on the trust or can they be listed as a beneficiary and still have temporary possession of the suppressor?	May 4, 2026, 4:02:31 PM	Pending Trust language but typically Beneficiaries have no access to the assets of the trust until the Trustees are expired/deceased.
We have seen a few 2027 SOT's issued without control numbers, will this cause an issue once the tax year changes over?	May 4, 2026, 4:02:47 PM	Should not. Only data from the SOT is FFL / EIN / SOT Class. The Control number is an ATF tracking/document numbrer and has no impact or usage on Form 3 or other forms.
How do we accept this other residency, documents?	May 4, 2026, 4:04:21 PM	Upload to Electronic Documents within Eforms or attach to paper submission. Supplemental identification documents must be government-issued documents.

<p>Active duty clarification: FFL/SOT in TN with military member ID'ed in TN, but on duty in KY. Can this be done?</p>	<p>May 4, 2026, 4:04:40 PM</p>	<p>If the active-duty member has a permanent residence in TN, as documented by his/her government-issued ID, he/she can purchase an NFA firearm from you in TN. It would not matter if they are stationed in KY, either permanently or temporarily. They would need PCS orders in this case to purchase an NFA firearm in KY. This sounds like it may be a Fort Campbell soldier. There is a legal opinion issued by Nashville Field Division of ATF in the early 2000's that says a soldier stationed at Fort Campbell can lawfully purchase firearms, including NFA firearms, in either TN or KY. You should check with Nashville ATF to make sure that opinion has not been rescinded.</p>
<p>Is it easier to amend an existing trust to add a trustee or just create a new one for the NFA item?</p>	<p>May 4, 2026, 4:05:45 PM</p>	<p>Pending Trust document language - but a "regular" NFA/gun trust typically has the ability and mechanism to add/remove trustees. Check with your Trust provider and/or the documents/instructions that came with the trust.</p>
<p>So a work order request and showing it in bound book work as the letter for this temporary possession in lieu of form 5</p>	<p>May 4, 2026, 4:06:42 PM</p>	<p>A work order request or a letter from the current owner will suffice. For your protection, you should also request a copy of his/her proof of registration (approved Form 4) to ensure the firearm is registered to the customer in the NFRTR.</p>